

Figure S1. Amino acid sequence of plant SIPAO4 homologs. The additional protein domain in SIPAO4 homologs is highlighted in italic and bold characters. Tandem repeats are indicated in red and green colour.

>SlPAO4 (*Solanum lycopersicum*)

MVSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNTNELFEVCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEMGATWIHGIEGNP
IYKIAQEINGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKKLITITEEGHEVHSSFVNSISNFFNNLLEFSSGEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGRVDKISMGSYLRKGLFVWGLKK**DQGNVESLNLENDQENVESFNLEDGGIEKEQENVESFNLES**
VENDQEKVEGFNLEHAGTEKDQENVESFNLGHVGIKQENVESFNLDDDDVEEDQENVESFNLDDGGVEKDQ
ENVESFNLDDGGVEKDQENVESFNLDGSGSTEKDGENVEVFENWSRKALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTL
FNGESEYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSSIVESLASVLPGLIQLGRKVKSKIEWQLETS DGNKPKVLHFS DGSVMYADH
VIVTVSLGVLKQGIREDSLSFSPPLPKFKTEAISRLGFGVVDKVFVFLQLTPTHHDGMNFPNMMMFVHQSNACKL
NPKIPLWIRRTTLTHPVYPESRVVVSWFAGEEALKVETLDDDEIIEGVSITMSEFLSNTKHYKNSIKFSKVLK
CKWGTDPFLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DAMA EPLPKEISDDKNSKKS PRLQVLFAGEATSRNYYSTTHGAYLTGL
REANRLLEYFQCVDV

>SpimPAO4 (*Solanum pimpinellifolium*)

MVSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNTNELFEVCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEMGATWIHGIEGNP
IYKIAQEINGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKKLITITEEGHEVHSSFVNSISNFFNNLLEFSSGEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGRVDKISMGSYLRKGLFVWGLKK**DQGNVESLNLENDQENVESFNLEDGGIEKEQENVESFNLES**
VENDQEKVEGFNLEHAGTEKDQENVESFNLGHVGIKQENVESFNLDDDDVEEDQENVESFNLDDGGVEKDQ
ENVESFNLDDGGVEKDQENVESFNLDGSGSTEKDGENVEVFENWSRKALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTL
FNGESEYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSSIVESLASVLPGLIQLGRKVKSKIEWQLETS DGNKPKVLHFS DGSVMYADH
VIVTVSLGVLKQGIREDSLSFSPPLPKFKTEAISRLGFGVVDKVFVFLQLTPTHHDGMNFPNMMMFVHQSNACKL
NPKIPLWIRRTTLTHPVYPESRVVVSWFAGEEALKVETLDDDEIIEGVSITMSEFLSNTKHYKNSIKFSKVLK
CKWGTDPFLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DAMA EPLPKEISDDKNSKKS PRLQVLFAGEATSRNYYSTTHGAYLTGL
REANRLLEYFQCVDV

>SpPAO4 (*Solanum pennellii*)

MVSEKPKIVIIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNSNELFEVCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEMGATWIHGIEGNP
IYKIAQEFNGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKKLITITEDGHEVHSSFVNSISNFFNNLLEFSSGEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGRVDKISMGSYLRKGLFVWGLKK**DQGNVESLNLENDQENVEGFNLEDGGIEKEQENVESFNLES**
VENDQEKVESFNLEHVGIKQENVESFNLEHVGIKQENVESLNLDGSGVEKDQEKVVSFYLDGGIEYDQ
EKVVSFNLDGIEKDQENVESFNLDNGGIEKDQENVERFNLDGGVEKDQENVESFNLDGGVEKDQENVESF
NLDGSGIEKDGENVEVFENWSRKALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLDFNGESEYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSS
IVESLASVLPGLIQLGRKVKSKIEWQLETS DGNKPKVLHFS DGSVMYADHVIVTVSLGVLKQGIREDSLSFSP
PLPKFKTEAISRLGFGVVDKVFVFLQLSPTHHDGINFPNMMMFVHQSNACKLNPKIPLWIRRTTLTHPVYPESRV
VGSWFAGEEALKVETLDDDEIIEGVSITMSEFLSNTKHFKNNSIKFSKVLKCKWGTDPFLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGD
DL DAMA EPLPKEISDDKNSKRS PRLQVLFAGEATSRNYYSTTHGAYLTGIREANRLLEYFQCVDV

>ScPAO4 (*Solanum chilense*)

MVSEKPKIVVIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNSNELFEVCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEMGATWIHGIEGNP
IYKIAQEINGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKKLITITEDGHEVHSSFVNSISNFFNNLLEFSSGEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGRVDKISMGSYLRKGLFVWGLKK**DQENVESLNLENDQENVESFNLEDGGIEKEQESVESFNLES**
VENDQEKVESFNLEHVGIERDQENVESFNLDGGVEKDQENVESFNLDDDGVDKDQENVESFNLDGGVEKDQ
ENVESFNIDDGGVEKDQENVESFNLDGSGTEKDGENVEVFENWSRKALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTL
FNGESEYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSSIVESLASVLPGLIQLGRKVKSKIEWQLETS DGNKPKVLHFS DGSVMYADH
VIVTVSLGVLKQGIREDSLSFSPPLPKFKTDAISRLGFGVVDKVFVFLQLTPTHHDGVNFPNMMMFVHQSNACKL
NPKIPLWIRRTTLTHPVYPESRVVVSWFAGEEALKVETLDDDEIIEGVSITMSEFLSNTKHFKNNSIKFSKVLK
CKWGTDPFLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DAMA EPLPKDISDDKNSKRSRRLQVLFAGEATTRNYYSTTHGAHLTGI
REANRLLEYFQCVDV

>StPAO4 (*Solanum tuberosum*)

MVSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNSNELFELCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEIGATWIHGIEGNP
IYKIAQEINGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKVTITEDGHEVHSSFVNSVSNFFSNLLEFSSDEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGGVDKISMGSYLRKGLKFVWGLKK**DQENVESFNIDSDGIEKDQENVENFNLSGGVENDQENVENFN**
LESGGVENDQENVESFNIDDSGIEKDQDNVESFNLDGGVEKDQENVESFNPDSDRIEKDQDNVESFNLEHGG
VENDQENVESFNIDDSGIEKDQDNVESFNLEHGGVENDQENVESFNIDDSGIEKDQDNVESFNLEHGGVENDQ
ENVESFNIDDSGIEKDQDNVESFNLEHGGVENDQEKVESFNLDGGIEKDQENVESFNLDGGIEKDQENVES
LNLES GGIEKDGENVEVFENWSRKALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLDFNEESEYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSS

SVVESLASVLPGLIQLGRKVKIIEWQLENSDGNKPVKLFHSDGSAMYADHVVVTVSLGVLKQGIREDSSLFS
PPLPKFKTEAIARLGFGVVDKVFLLQSPHHEENVGYDGLNFPNMMVVFHQPD SKLKNPKIPLWIRRTTLTHPV
YPESRVVVSWFAGEEAMKVETLDDEEIEIGVSI TMSEFLANTEHFKN SIKFSKVLKCKWGT DPLFLGSYTHIA
VGSSGNDLDAMAEPLPKEISDDKNSKKS PRLQVLFAGEATSRNYYSTTHGAYLTGLREANRLLEHFQCV DV

>ScmPAO4 (*Solanum commersonii*)

MVSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLTAACKLYTTQNSNELFELCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTTEFCGDRVEMGATWIHGIEGNP
IYNIAQEI NGFETDKPWDSMGGKVDKVTIT EDGHEVHSSFVNSVSNFFSNLLEFSSDEGDFDGGVGRKIVES
LNLEENGGVDKISMGSYLRKGLKFWG **LKKDQENVEFN IENDGIEK DQENVEFN LKSGGVEN DQENVEFN
LESGGVEN DQENVEFN LEDRCFNLDNVGVGK DKENVESFN LDDGGVEEVQENVESFN LDDSGIEK DQENIET
FN LDDSGIEK DQDNVESFN FENVGIEK DGENVDVFENWSR**KALEEGI FAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLAFNGES
EYCNFPGDEITIAKGYSSVVESLASVLPGLIQLSRKVKIIEWQLANS DGNKPVKLFHRDGSVMYADHVI VTV
SLGVLKQGIREDLSLFS PPLPKFKTEAISRLGFGVVDKVFLLQSPHHDGINFPNMMVVFHQPGSKLKNPKI P
LWIRRTTLTHPVYPESRVVVSWFAGEEAMKVETLDDEEIEIGLSI TMSEFLANTEHFKN SIKFSKVLKCKWGT
DPLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DAMAEPLPKEISDDKNSKKS PRLQVLFAGEATSRNYYSTTHGAYLTGLREANR
LLEHFQCV DV

>CaPAO4 (*Capsicum annum*)

MLSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLAAACKLYTTQNFNELFELCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTNEFCGDKVEMGASWIHGIDGNP
IYKIAKDINAFENDEPWPDLGGKMNK MVIT EDGHEVNSSIVNNISSFFKNLLDFASGEGDFGGGIGGKIVER
LRIENGGGIEKVSIGAF LRKGLFEFYWGLR **KDQENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHENGEI FNLDNGGSEK DQEHVKSFN
LDDGGSEK DHENDESFN LDDGGSEK DHENVESFN LNDGGSEK IQENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHENDESFN LDDGG
SEK DHENDESFN LDYGGSEK DQENVEVFENWSRKS**LEEGVFAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLDFNGHSEYIDFPG
DDITIAKGFSSVIESLGSVLP SGLIQLGRKVTK IEWQLENN DGNKPVKLFHSDGSVMYADHVI VTI SLGVLKQ
GIREDSSLFS PPLPSFKTDAISRLGFGVVDKLFLLQSPHHEENVGYDGMKFPNMMVVFHQPD AKLNNPKI PFW
IRRTTLVHPVYPESRVVMLFFAGEEALKVESLDDEEIEIGVSTTMSEI IANAKHFKNLNAAA ESESFIKFTKV
LKCKWGT DPLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DSMAEPLPEKSGDGRKST SCHQLQVLFAGEATSR AHYSTTHGAYLT
GLREANRLLEHYQCV DV

>CbPAO4 (*Capsicum baccatum*)

MLSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLAAACKLYTTQNFNELFELCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTNEFCGDKVEMGASWIHGIDGNP
IYKIAKDINAFENDEPWPDLGGKMNK MVIT EDGHEVNSSIVNNISSFFKNLLDFASGEGDFGGGIGGKIVER
LRIENGGGI ERVSI GSFLR KGLFEFYWGLR **KDQENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHKNGE I FNLDNGGSEK DQEHVKSFN
LDDGGSEK DHENDESFN LDKGENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHENDESFN LDYGGSEK DQENVEVFENWSRKS**LEEG
VFAMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLDFNGHSEYIDFPGDEITIAKGFSSVIESLGSVLP SGLIQLGRKVTK IEWQLE
NNDGNKPVKLFHSDGSIMYADHVI VTI SLGVLKQGIREDSSLFS PPLPSFKTDAISRLGFGVVDKLFLLQSP
HHEENVGYDGMKFPNMMVVFHQPD AKLNNPKI PFWIRRTTIVHPVYPESRVVMLFFAGEEALKVESLDDEEIE
GVSTTMSEI LANAKHFKN SNAAAESESFIKFTKVLKCKWGT DPLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DAMAEPLPEKSG
DGRNSRSCHQLQVLFAGEATSR AHYSTTHGAYLTGLREANRLLEHYQCV DV

>CcPAO4 (*Capsicum chinense*)

MLSQKPKIVIIGAGIAGLAAACKLYTTQNFNELFELCVVEGGNRIGGRIFTNEFCGDKVEMGASWIHGIDGNP
IYKIAKDINAFENDEPWPDLGGKMNK MAIT EDGHEVNSSIVNNISSFFKNLLDFASGEGDFGGGIGGKIVER
LRIENGGGIDKVSIGSFLR KGLFEFYWGLR **KDQENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHENGE I FNLDNGGSEK DQEHVKSFN
LDDGGSEK DHENVESFN LNDGGSEK IQENVESFN LDDGGSEK DHENDESFN LDYGGSEK DQENVEVFENWSR
S**LEEGVFTMFENIHRHYSSAGDLGTLDFNGHSEYIDFPGDDITIAKGFSSVIESLGSVLP SGLIQLGRKVTK I
EWQLENN DGNKPVKLFHSDGSVMYADHVI VTI SLGVLKQGIREDSSLFS PPLPSFKTDAISRLGFGVVDKLFLL
QLSPTHHEENVGYDGMKFPNMMVVFHQPD AKLNNPKI PFWIRRTTLVHPVHPESRVVMLFFAGEEALKVESLD
EEIEIGVSTTMSEI LANAKHFKN SNAAAESESFIKFTKVLKCKWGT DPLFLGSYTHIAVGSSGDDL DSMAEPL
PEKSGDGRKST SCHQLQVLFAGEATSR AHYSTTHGAYLTGLRESNRLLLEHYQCV DA

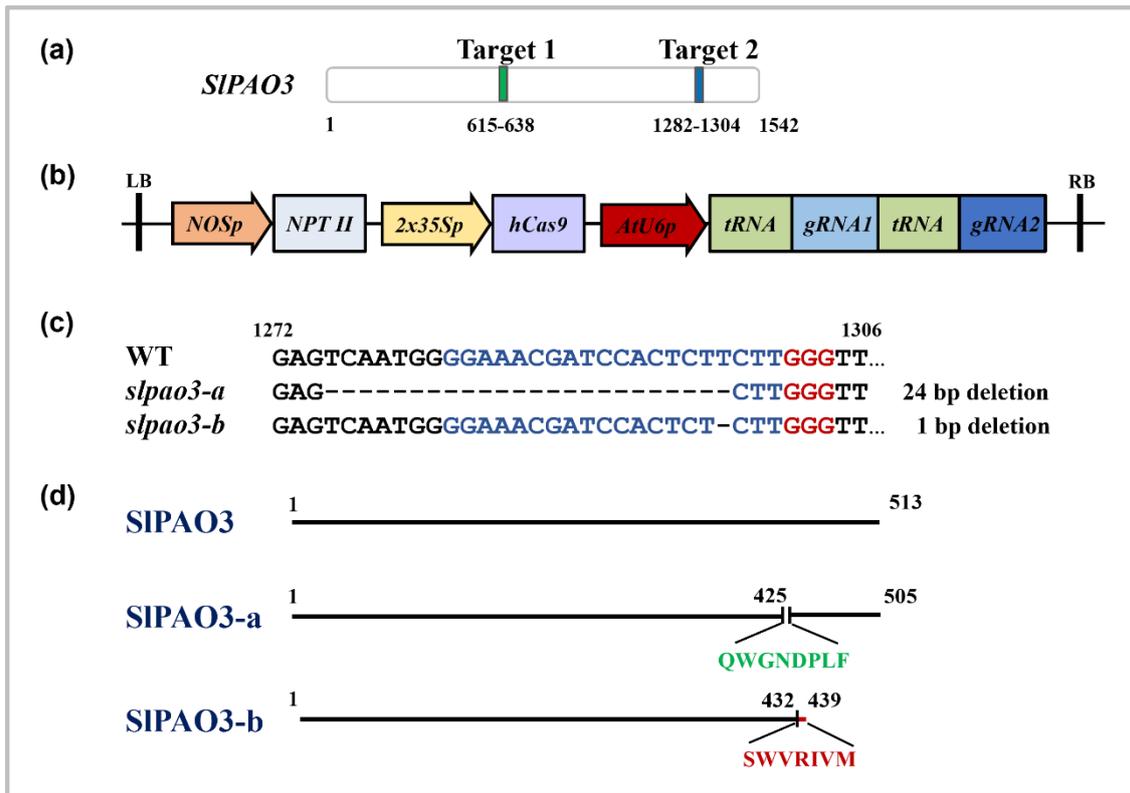


Figure S2. Schematic diagram of *SIPAO3* gene, vector construction, and CRSIPR/Cas9-mediated mutagenesis. (a) Schematic diagram of *SIPAO3* gene and position of target sites 1 and 2. (b) Scheme of the binary vector constructed for CRISPR/Cas9-mediated *SIPAO3* mutagenesis in which the relative position of the *NOSp::NPTII*, *2x35Sp::hCas9* and *AtU6p::tRNA-gRNA1-tRNA-gRNA2* cassettes is shown. The design is not in scale. (c) *SIPAO3-a* and *SIPAO3-b* genotypes. Sequence of target site 2 is indicated in blue and protospacer adjacent motif (PAM) in red. Black dashed lines indicate base pair deletions. (d) The SIPAO3-a and SIPAO3-b protein isoforms. The deleted sequence in SIPAO3-a isoform is indicated in green, while the extra amino acids at the C-terminus of the SIPAO3-b are shown in red. *AtU6p*: promoter of Arabidopsis *U6 snRNA* gene; *2x35SP*: doubled enhanced *CaMV 35S* promoter; *hCas9*: human codon optimized *Cas9 nuclease* gene; *NOSp*: promoter of *nopaline synthase* gene; *NPTII*: *neomycin phosphotransferase II* gene.

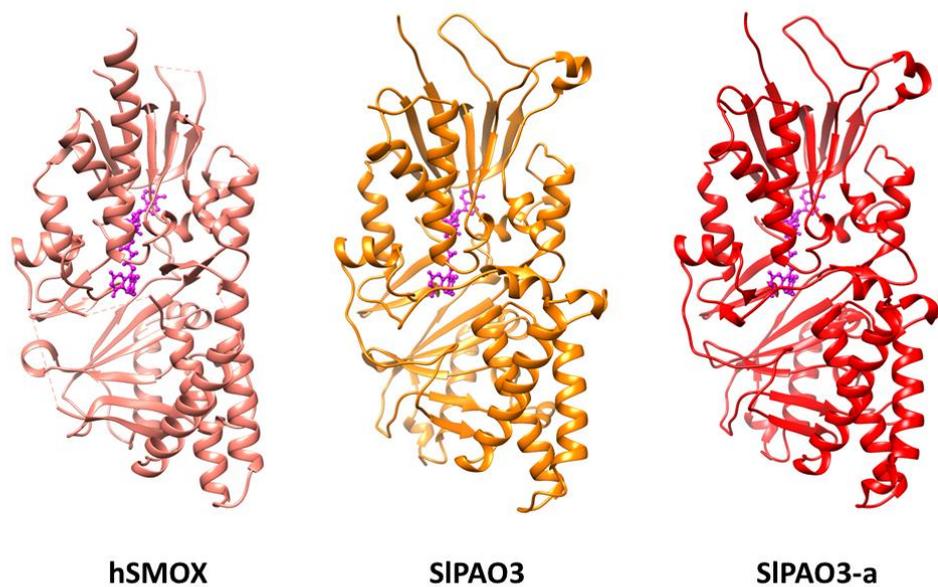


Figure S3. Structural models of SIPAO3 wild-type protein and SIPAO3-a mutant. Ribbon representation of the crystal structure of human spermine oxidase (hSMOX; PDB code 7OXL; Diaz et al., 2022) and of the structural models of SIPAO3 and SIPAO3-a. Structural models were obtained by trRosettaX using hSMOX as a reference. The FAD cofactor is represented as in ‘spacefill’ and coloured in magenta.

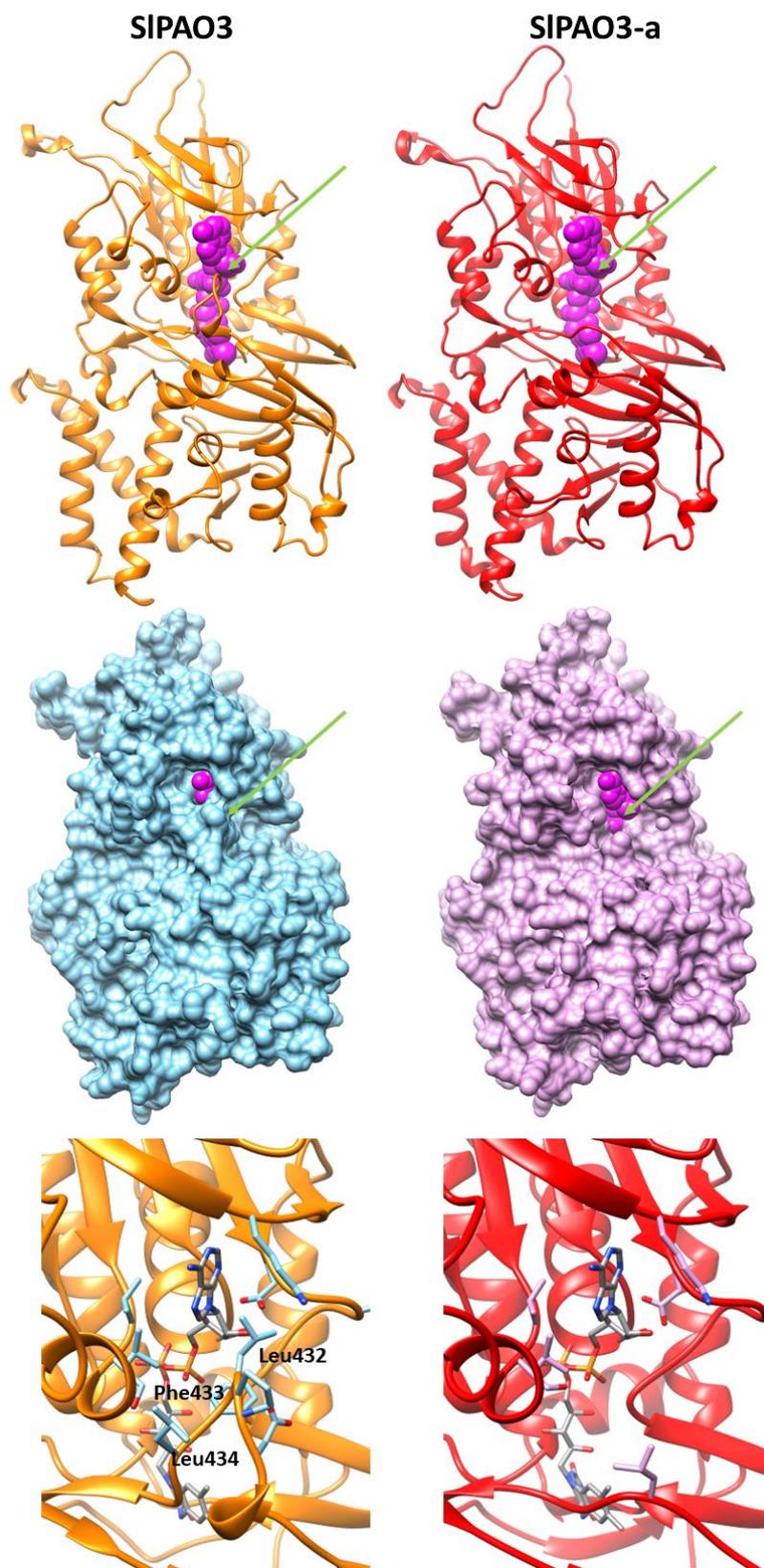
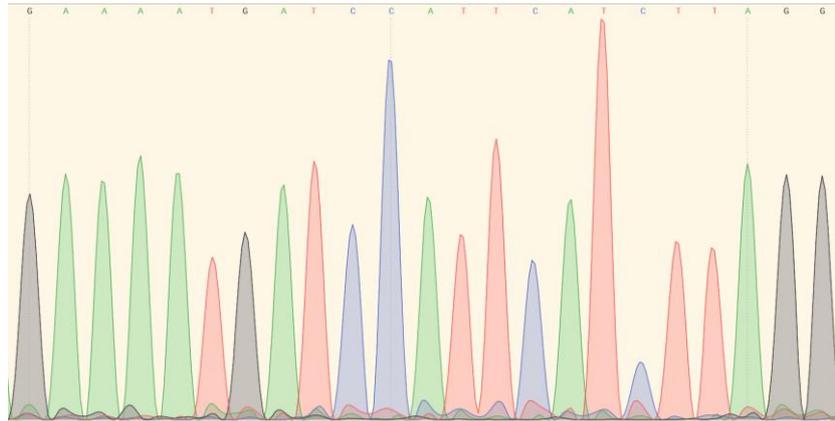


Figure S4. Comparison of SIPAO3 and SIPAO3-a structural models showing the changes affecting the FAD cofactor molecular environment. Top panels, ribbon representation; central panels, molecular surface representation; bottom panels, enlarged view showing the hydrophobic plug of the FAD binding pocket, formed by Leu432, Phe433, Leu434 residues, present in SIPAO3 and absent in SIPAO3-a mutant. The green arrows highlight the deleted region.

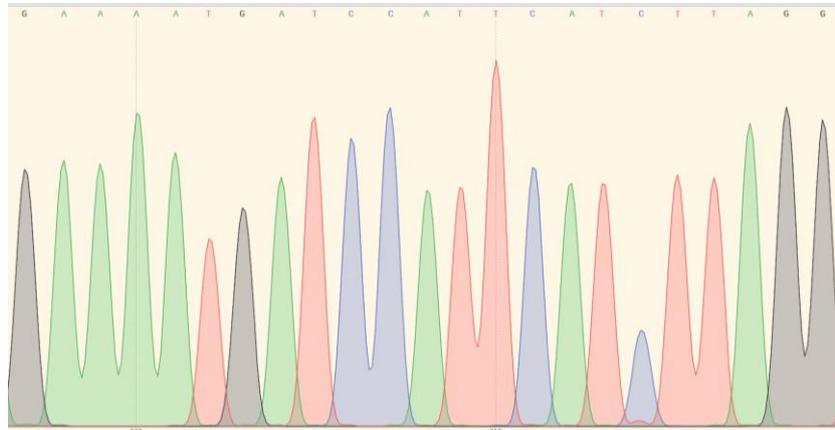
Figure S5. Sequence analysis of the top six potential genome-wide off-target sites in the *slpao3* mutants. The genomic regions flanking the selected putative off-target sites (OFF-A to OFF-F; Table S2) were amplified from *slpao3-a* and *slpao3-b* mutants, and wild-type plants (WT). Resulting amplicons were sequenced and chromatograms at the putative off-target sites are shown. Mismatch nucleotides in respect to the *SLPAO3 gRNA2* (GGAAACGATCCACTCTTCTTGGG) are marked in red, and PAM sites are shown in blue.

OFF-A (GAAAATGATCCATTCATCTTAGG)

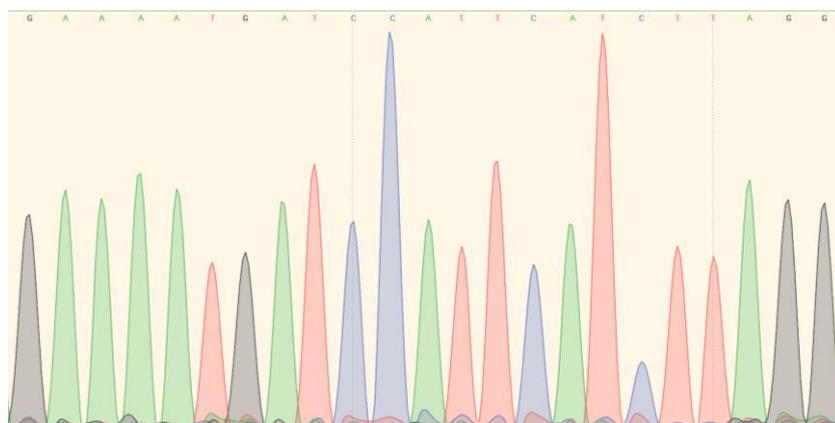
WT



slpao3-a

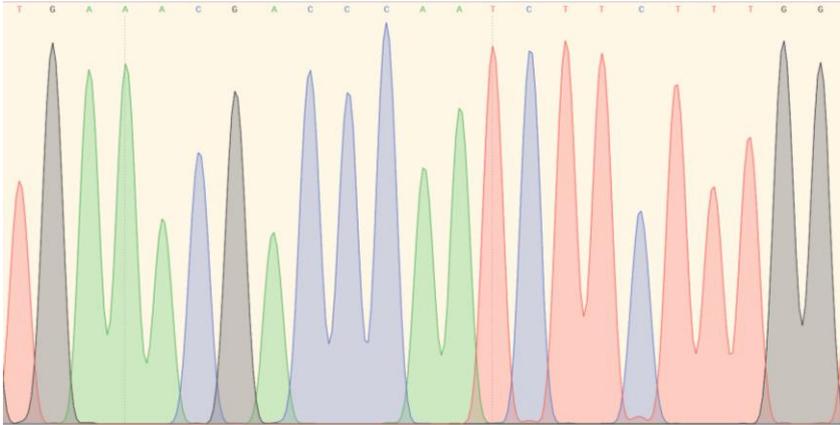


slpao3-b

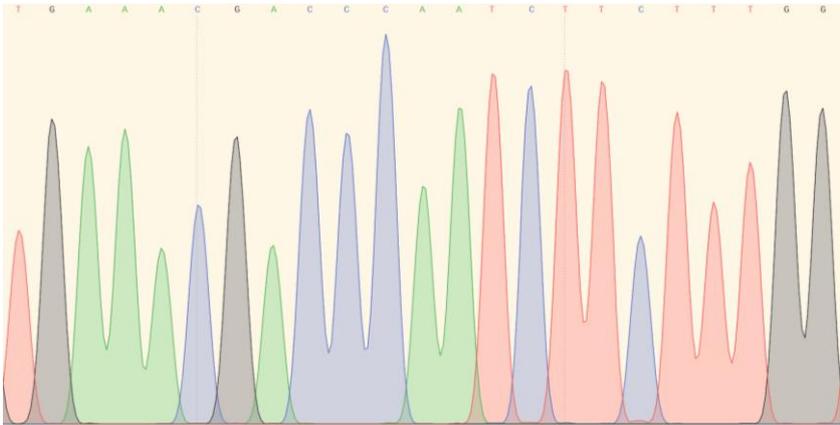


OFF-B(TGAAACGACCCAATCTTCTTTGG)

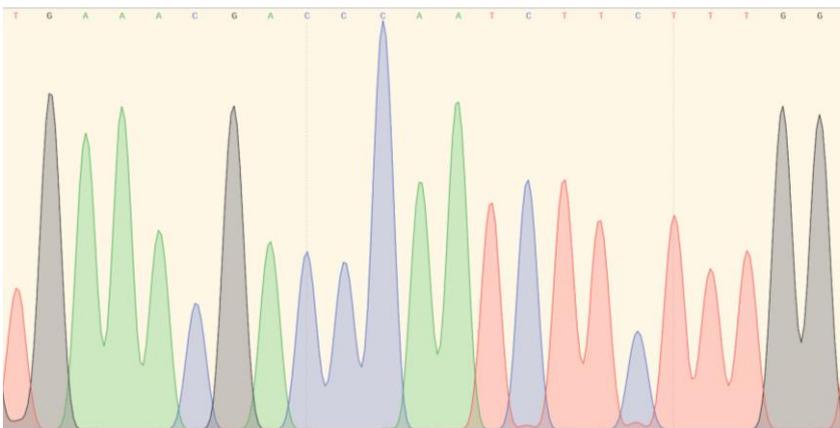
WT



slpao3-a

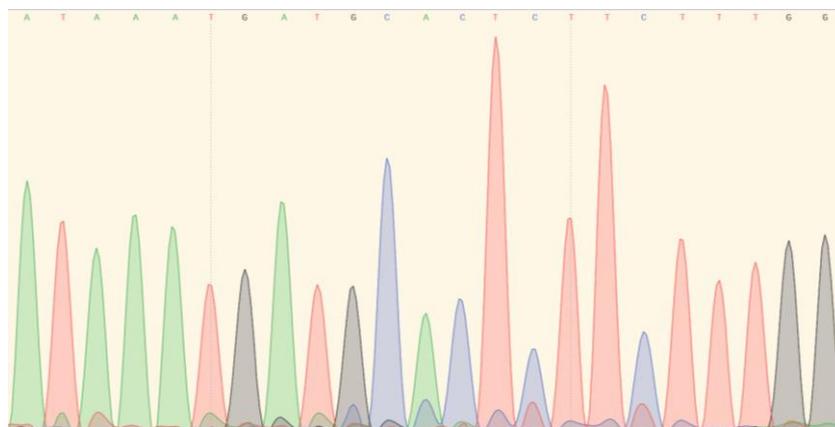


slpao3-b



OFF-C (ATAAATGATGCACTCTTCTTGG)

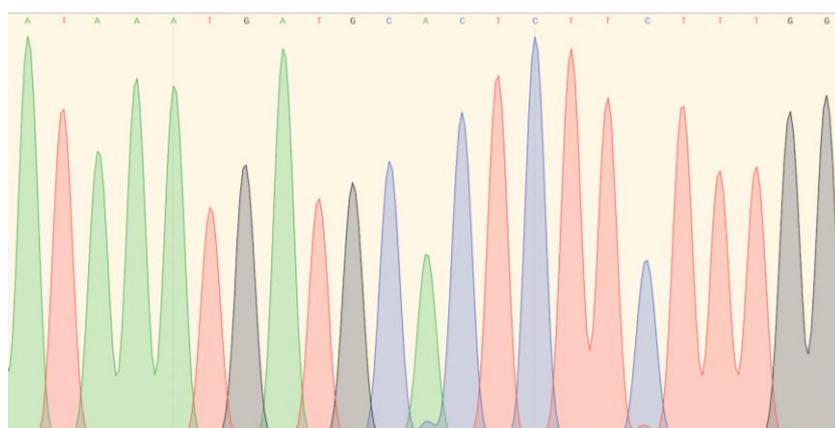
WT



slpao3-a

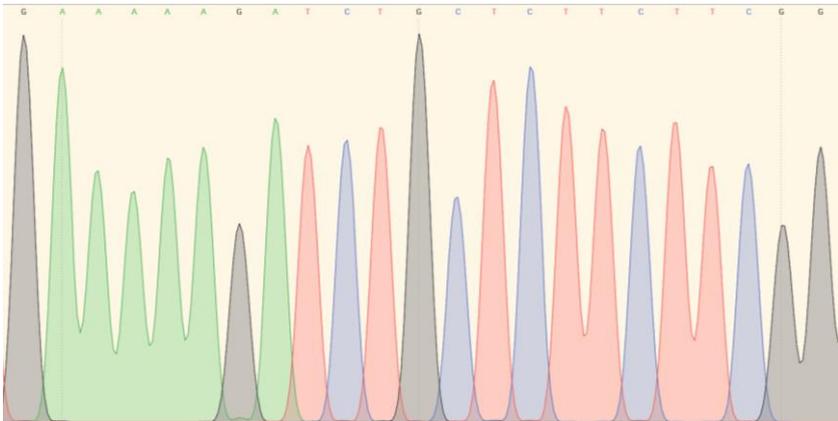


slpao3-b

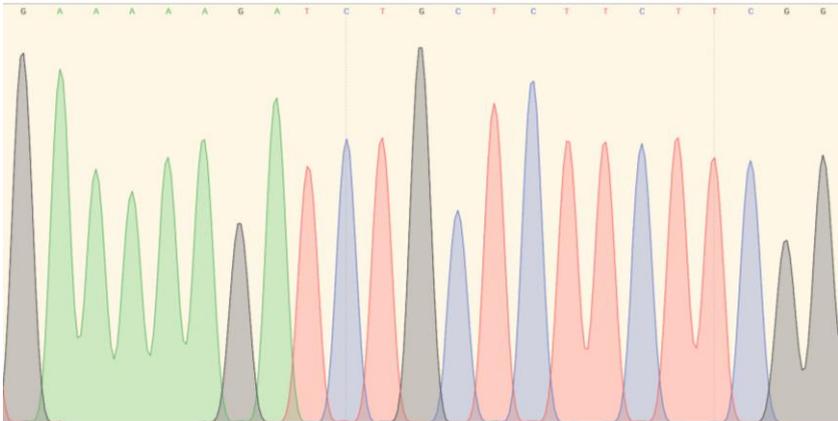


OFF-D (GAAAAAGATCTGCTCTTCTTCGG)

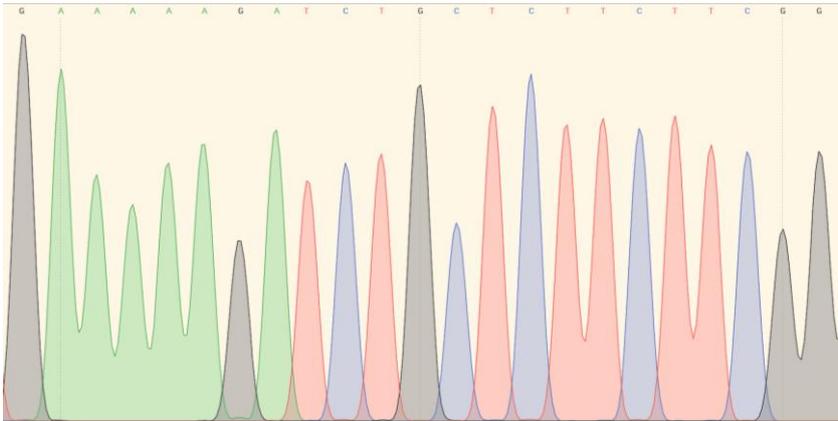
WT



slpao3-a

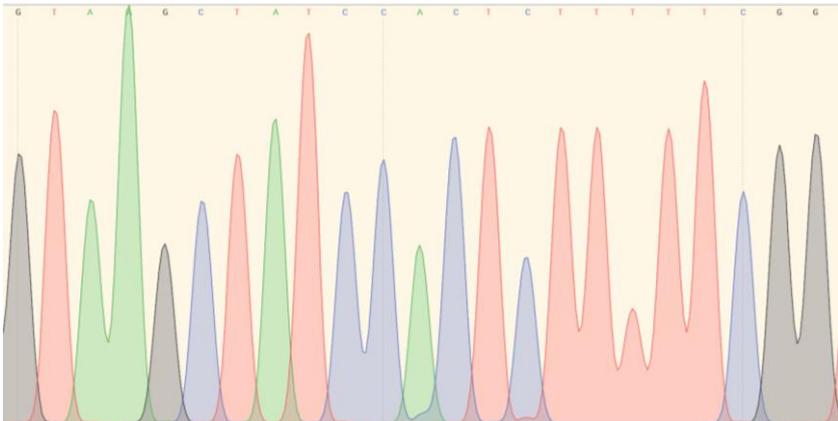


slpao3-b

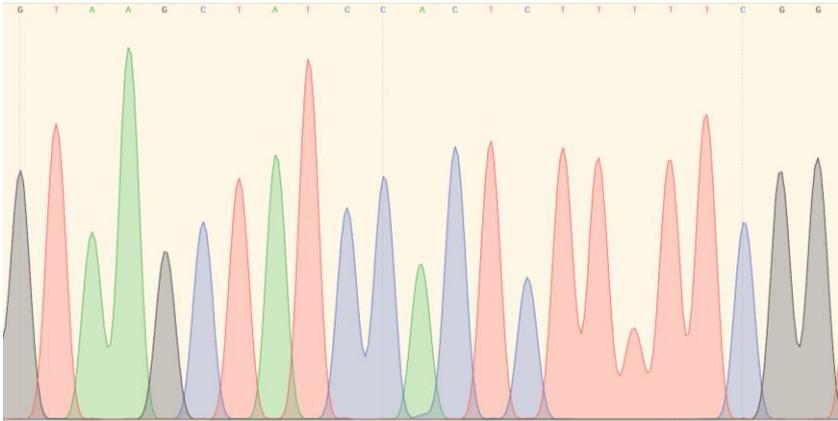


OFF-E (GTAAGCTATCCACTCTTTTTCGG)

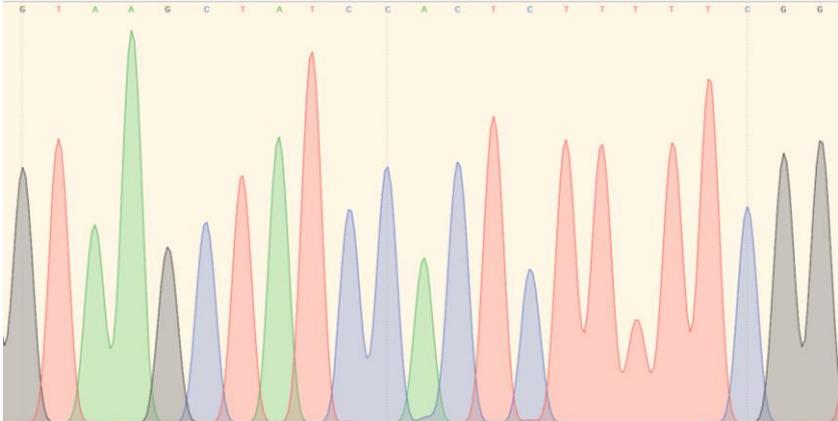
WT



slpao3-a

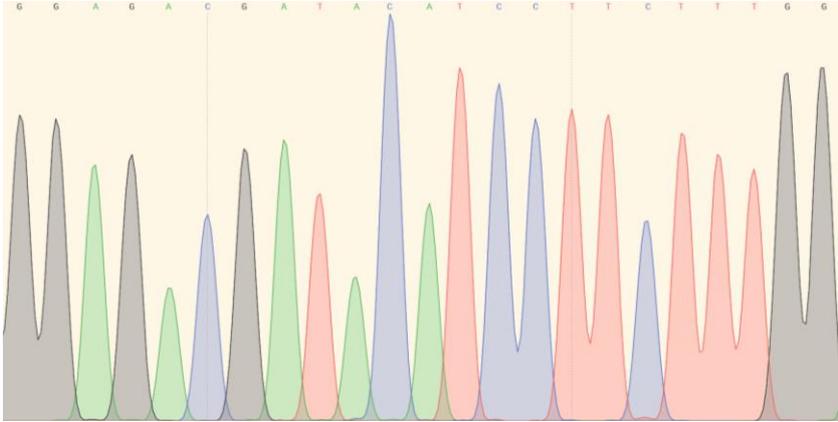


slpao3-b

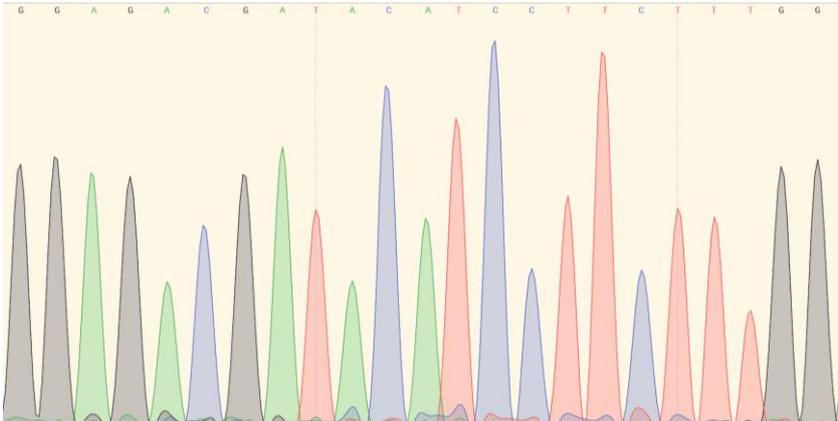


OFF-F (GGAGACGATACATCCTTCTTTGG)

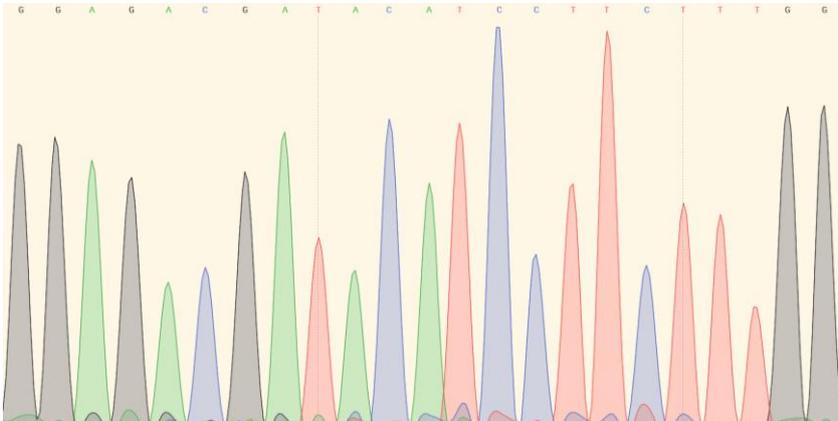
WT



slpao3-a



slpao3-b



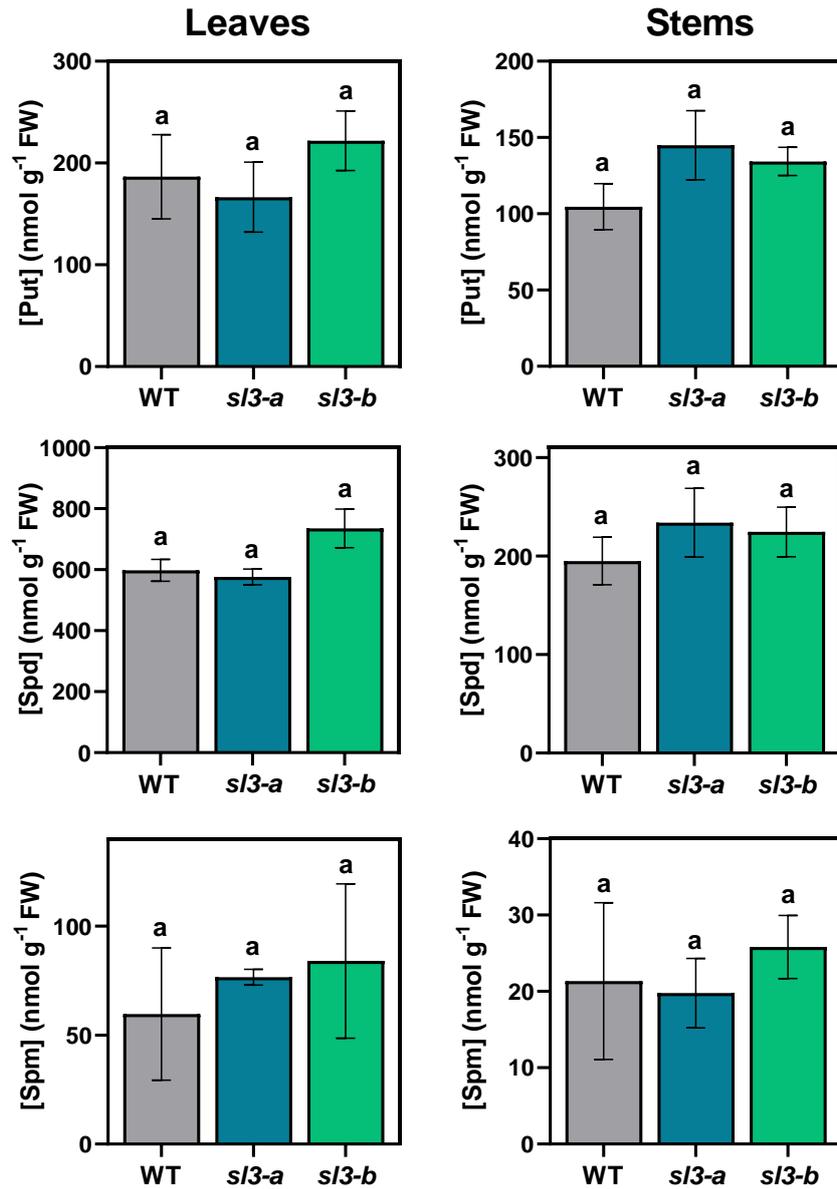


Figure S6. Putrescine, spermidine and spermine levels in *slpao3-a* and *slpao3-b* mutants. Polyamine levels were determined in leaves and stems of the third internode (from above) of 6-week-old *slpao3-a* (*sl3-a*) and *slpao3-b* (*sl3-b*) mutants, and wild-type (WT) tomato plants. Values are means of three independent repetitions \pm SE (n=3). Letters above the columns indicate the statistical analysis (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$). Put: putrescine; Spd: spermidine; Spm: spermine.

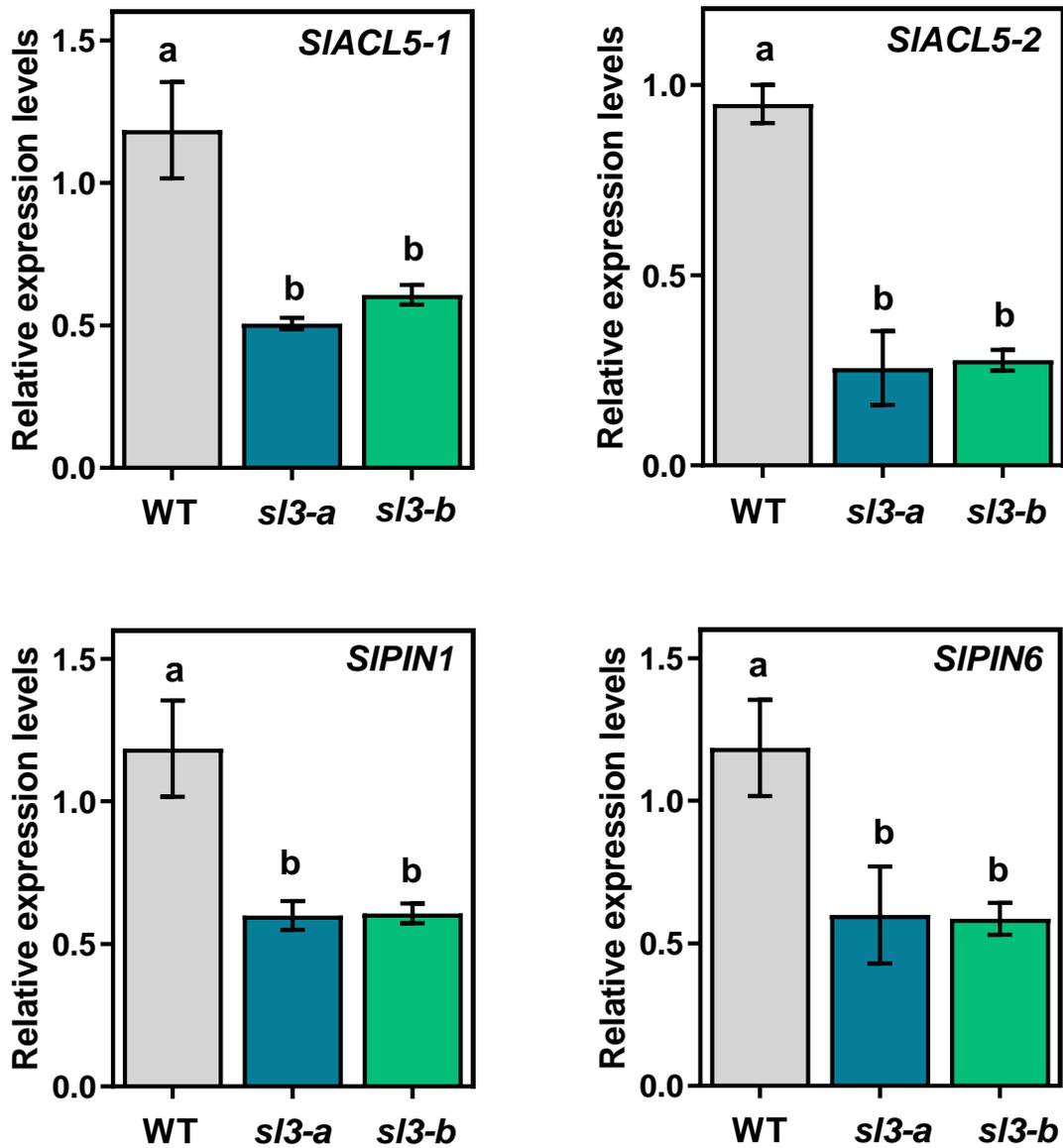


Figure S7. Expression levels of genes involved in T-Spm biosynthesis and auxin transport in the roots of *slpao3* mutants. Expression levels were analyzed by RT-qPCR in roots of 7-day-old *slpao3-a* (*sl3-a*), *slpao3-b* (*sl3-b*) and wild-type (WT) tomato genotypes. Relative expression levels are presented as fold-changes ($2^{-\Delta\Delta C_t}$) from the control plants. Values are means of three independent repetitions \pm SEM. Different letters above the columns indicate statistically significant differences (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$).

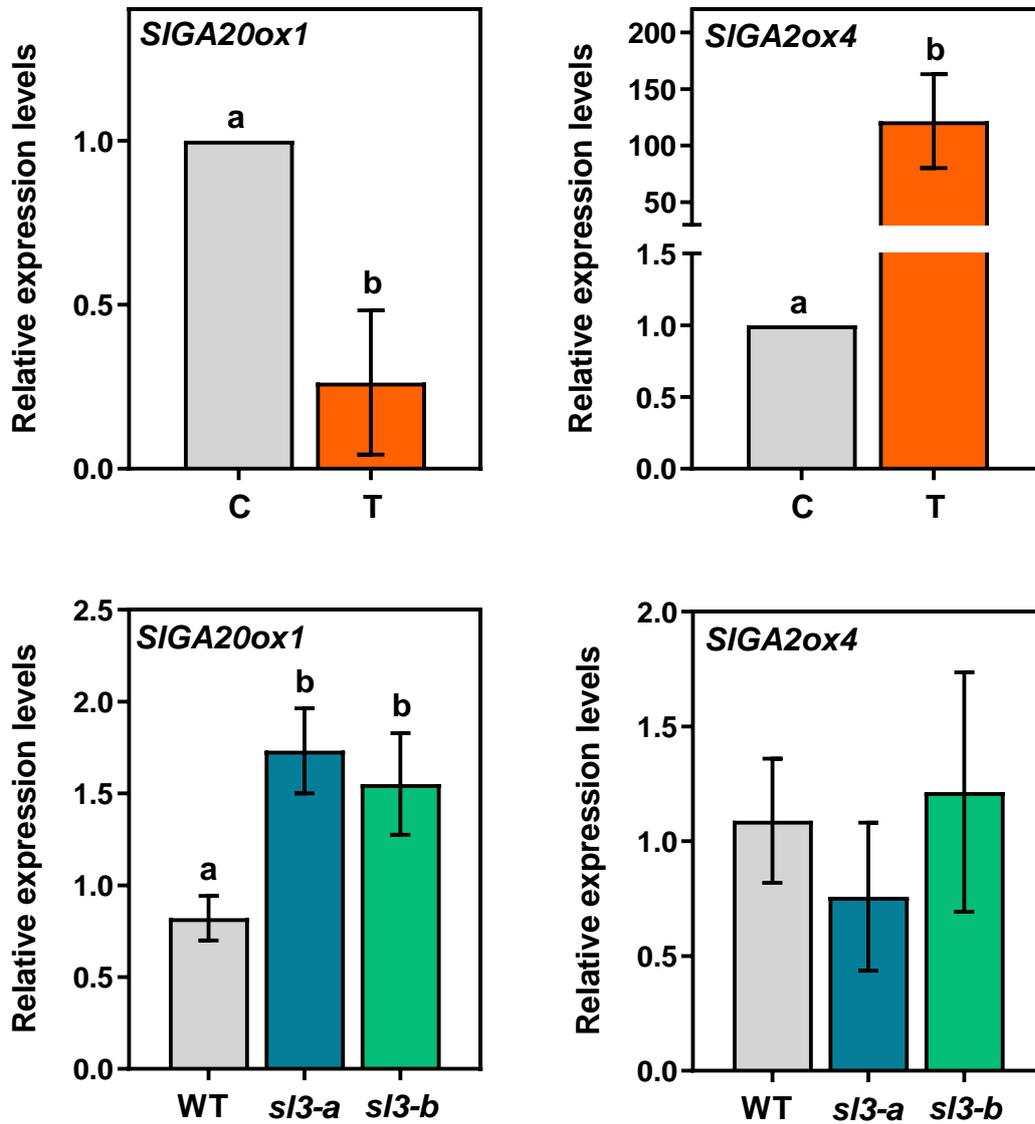


Figure S8. Effect of T-Spm on the expression levels of genes involved in gibberellin biosynthesis (*SIGA20ox1*) and deactivation (*SIGA2ox4*). Expression levels were analyzed by RT-qPCR in shoots of 7-day-old tomato wild-type seedlings treated (T) or not (C) with 100 μ M T-Spm for 24 h. Expression levels were also analyzed in leaves of 4-week-old *slpao3-a* (*sl3-a*), *slpao3-b* (*sl3-b*) and wild-type (WT) tomato genotypes. Relative expression levels are presented as fold-changes ($2^{-\Delta\Delta C_t}$) from the control plants. Values are means of three independent repetitions \pm SEM. Different letters above the columns indicate statistically significant differences (Student's t-test, $P < 0.05$).

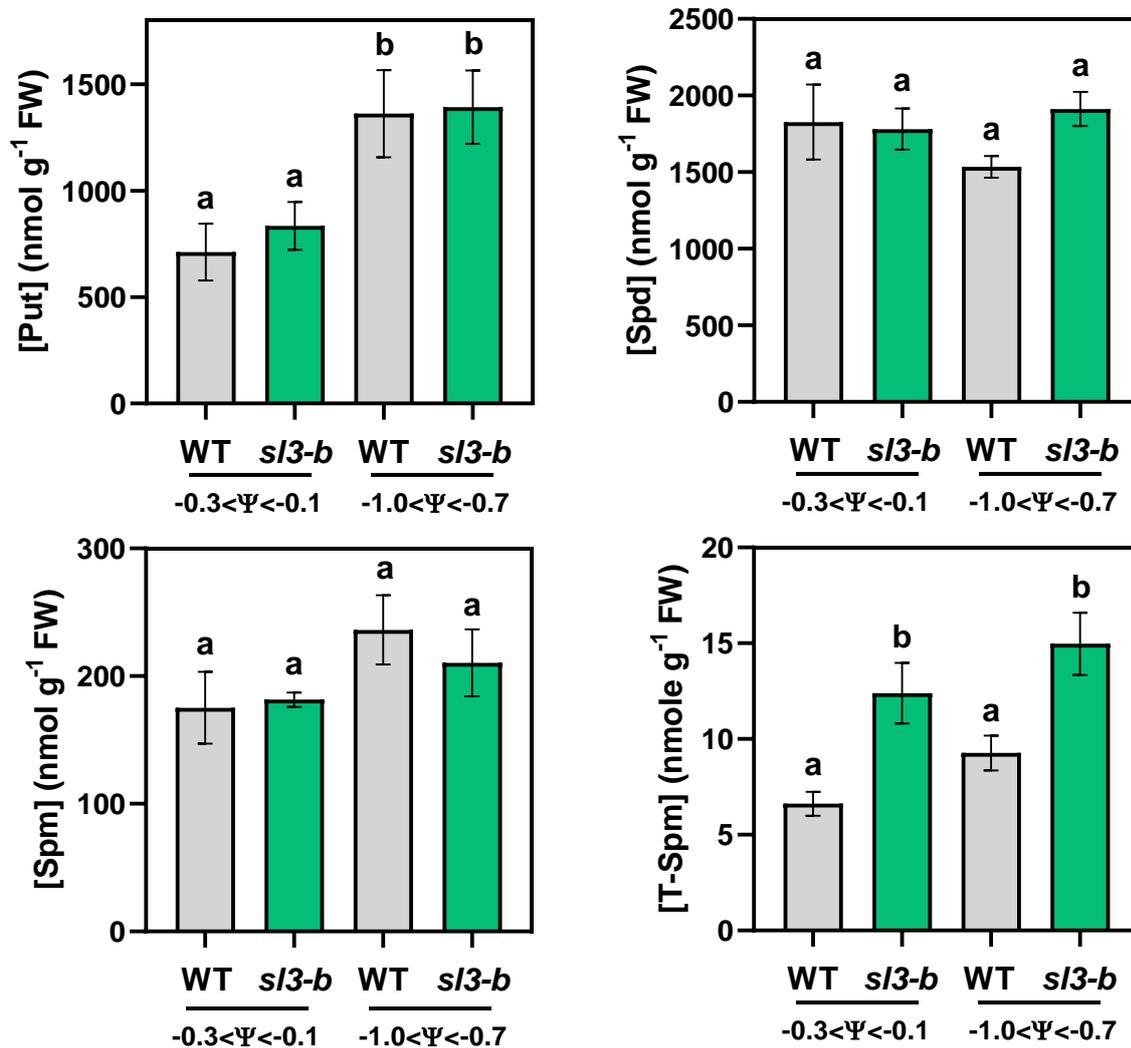


Figure S10. Polyamine levels in *slpao3* mutants and wild-type plants under drought stress conditions. Polyamine levels were determined in the second and third leaves from the apex of 4-week-old *slpao3-a* (*sl3-a*) and *slpao3-b* (*sl3-b*) mutants, and wild-type (WT) tomato plants. Samples were collected from well-irrigated plants ($-0.3 \text{ MPa} < \Psi_{\text{xy}} < -0.1 \text{ MPa}$) and plants for which irrigation was interrupted for 12 days ($-1.0 \text{ MPa} < \Psi_{\text{xy}} < -0.7 \text{ MPa}$). Values are means of at least three different plants \pm SE. Different letters above the columns indicate statistically significant differences (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$). Put: putrescine; Spd: spermidine; Spm: spermine; T-Spm: thermospermine.

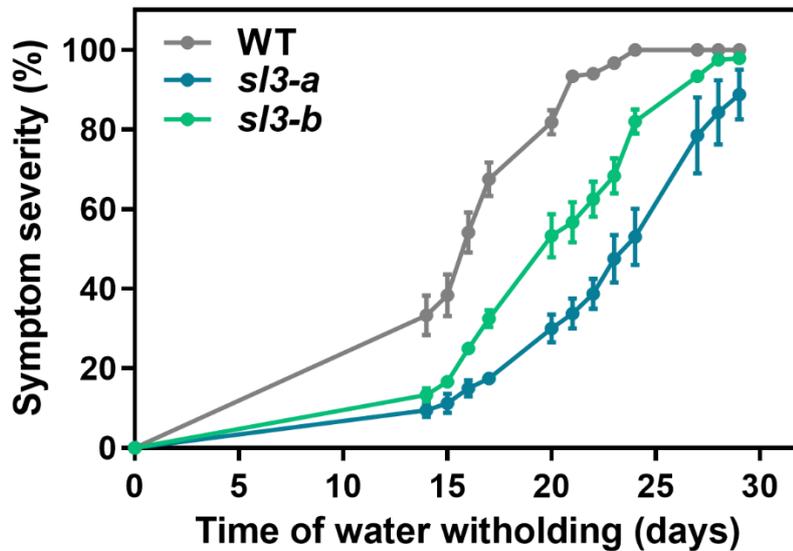


Figure S11. Levels of leaf wilting in *slpao3* mutants under drought stress conditions. For drought stress, irrigation of 6-week-old plants was completely interrupted and severity of wilting symptoms was monitored for 15-30 days after onset of drought. A scale of leaf wilting was arbitrarily set up: 10-20%, very mild wilting in basal leaves; 20-40%, mild wilting in basal internodes; 40-60%, moderate turgor loss in lower internodes; 60-80%, high turgor loss in upper and lower internodes; 80-100%, very high to complete turgor loss of all leaves. A representative experiment is shown. WT: wild-type tomato plants; *sl3-a*: *slpao3-a* mutants; *sl3-b*: *slpao3-b* mutants. The wilting levels of the two *slpao3* mutants were statistically different from those of the wild-type (WT) plants for at least 26 days after the start of water withholding (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$; $n \geq 5$ per genotype).

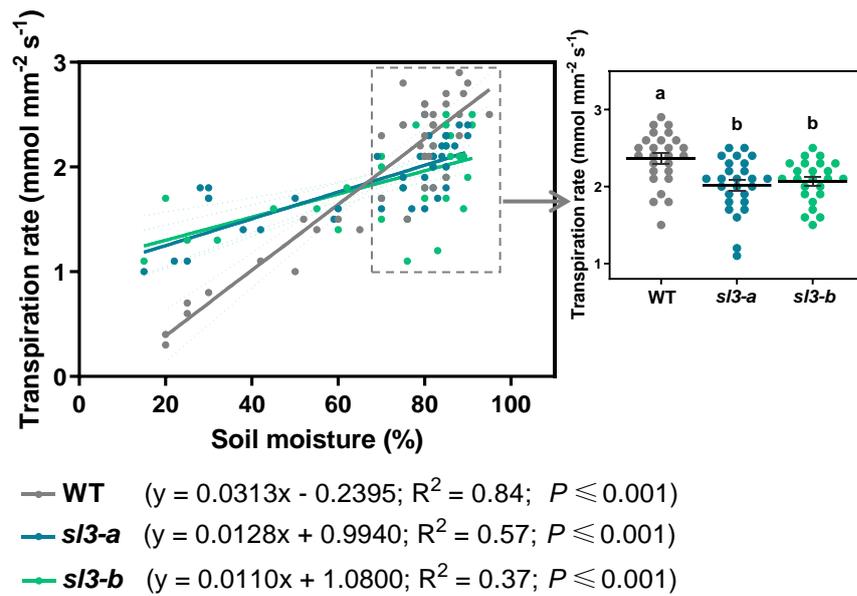


Figure S12. Transpiration rate of the different tomato genotypes at various soil humidity conditions. Transpiration rate was determined through measurement of $\text{CO}_2/\text{H}_2\text{O}$ gas exchange in leaves of the different tomato genotypes. The slope of the correlation curve of wild-type plants (WT) is statistically different from those of *slpao3-a* (*sl3-a*) and *slpao3-b* (*sl3-b*) mutants, as evidenced by ANCOVA analysis. The insert shows transpiration rate under conditions of high soil humidity ($\geq 70\%$).

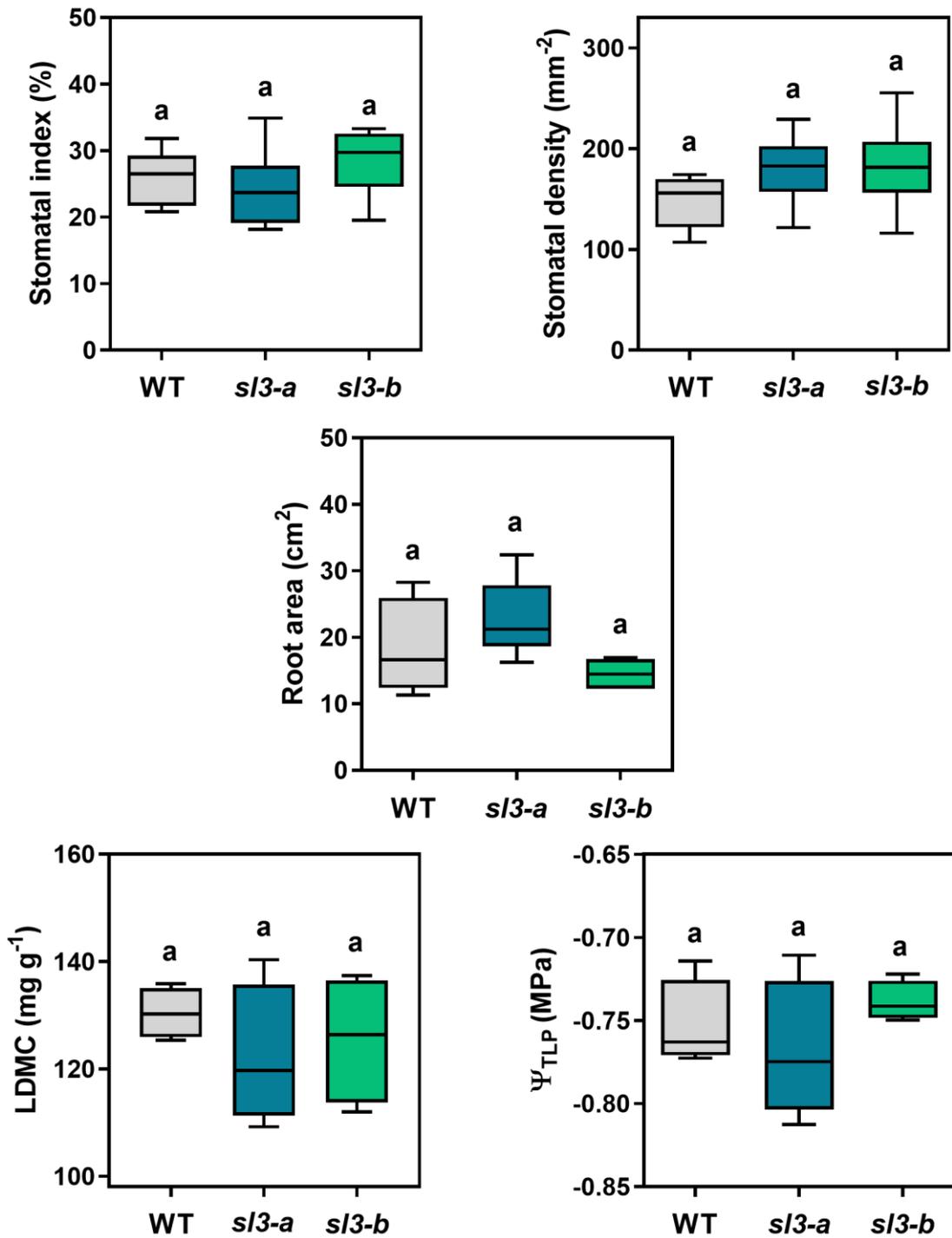


Figure S13. Stomatal index, stomatal density, root surface area, leaf dry matter content (LDMC) and leaf water potential at turgor loss point (Ψ_{tlp}) in leaves of *slpao3* mutants and wild-type (WT) tomato plants. Letters above the box & whiskers plots indicate the statistical analysis (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$).

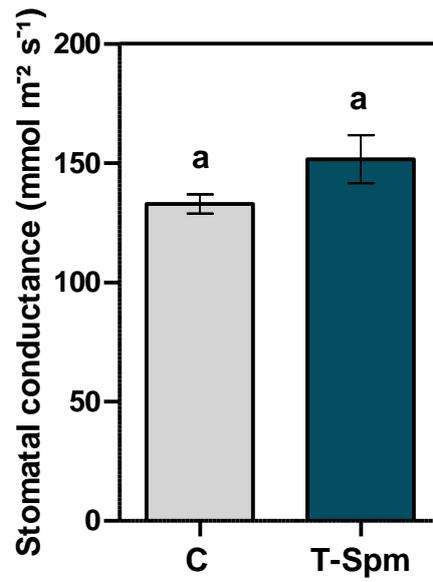


Figure S14. Measurement of stomatal response to T-Spm treatment. All leaves of 4-week-old tomato plants were sprayed with 1 mM T-Spm and stomatal conductance was measured through measurement of CO₂/H₂O gas exchange. Values obtained after 1 h of treatment are shown. Values are means from three different plants ± SEM.

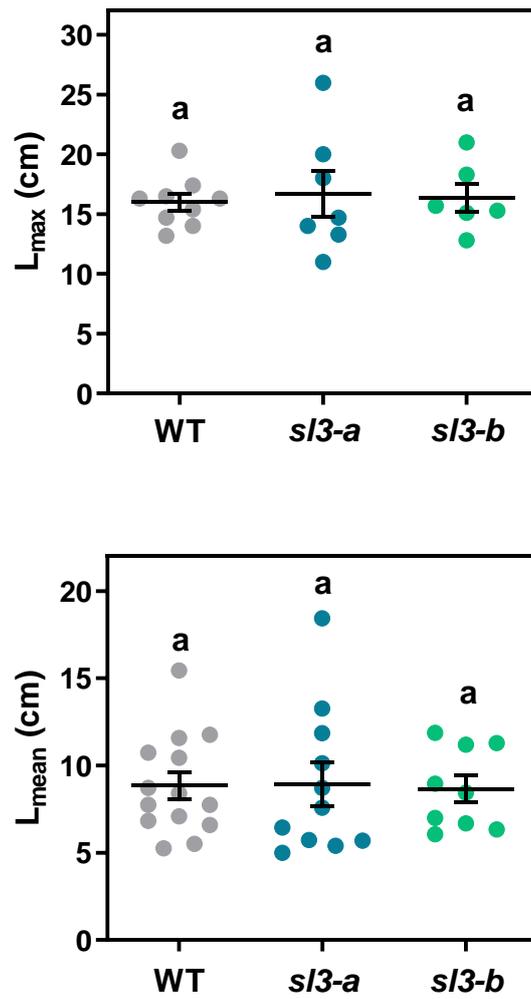


Figure S15. Estimation of maximum and mean vessel length in the different tomato genotypes. Letters above the scatter dot blots indicate the statistical analysis (one-way ANOVA; $P < 0.05$). WT: wild-type tomato plants; *sl3-a*: *slpao3-a* mutants; *sl3-b*: *slpao3-b* mutants.