

Figure S1: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of strains resistant to ciprofloxacin.

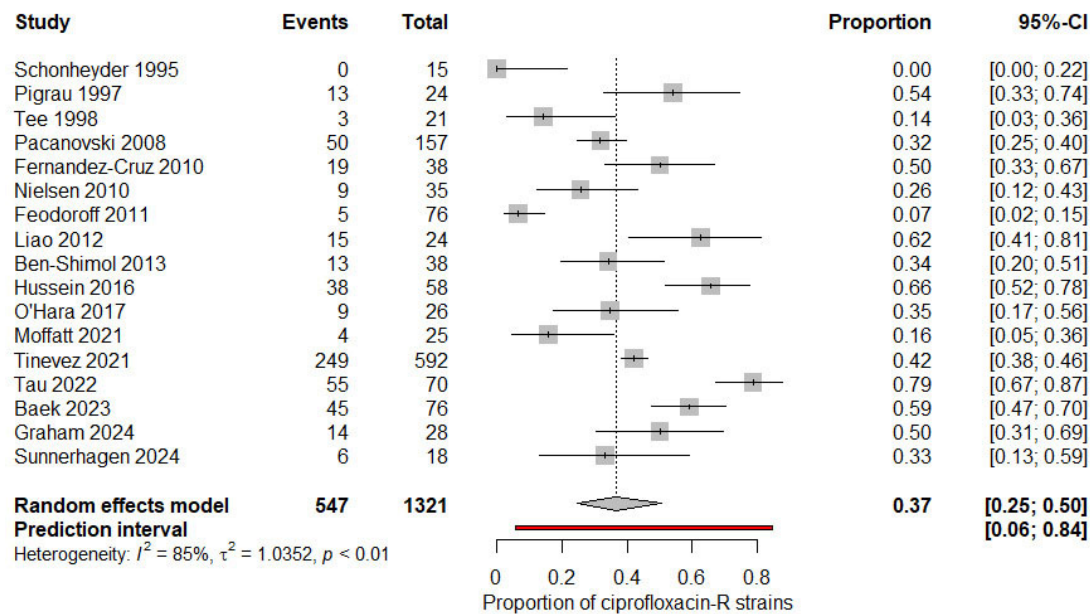


Figure S2: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of strains resistant to erythromycin.

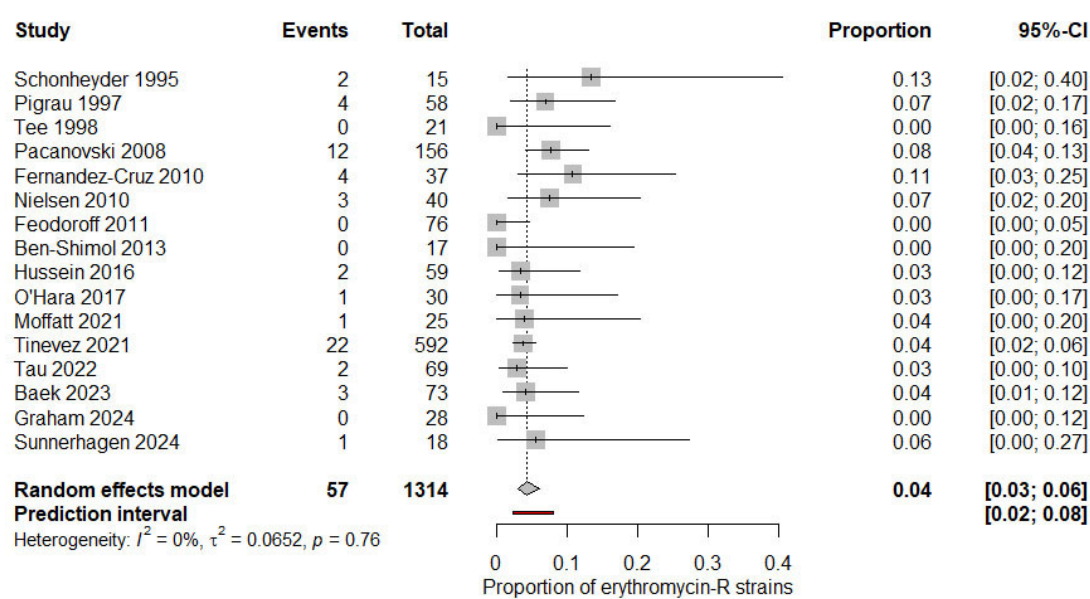


Figure S3: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of strains resistant to tetracycline.

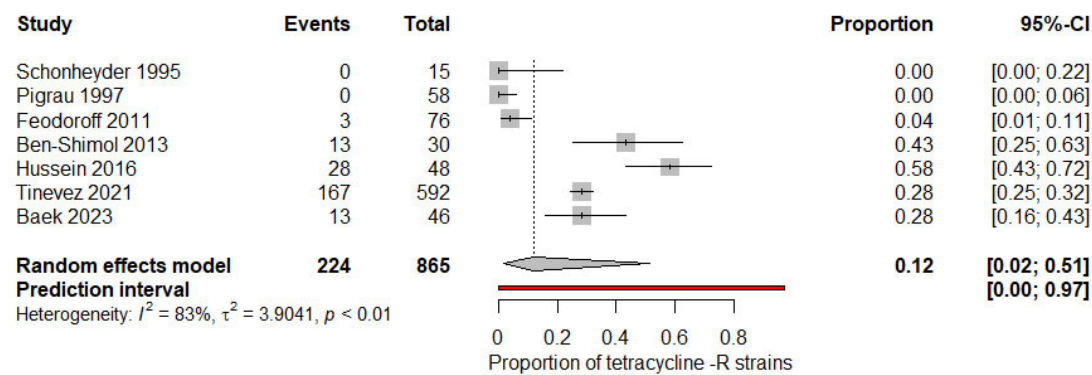


Figure S4: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of strains resistant to gentamicin.

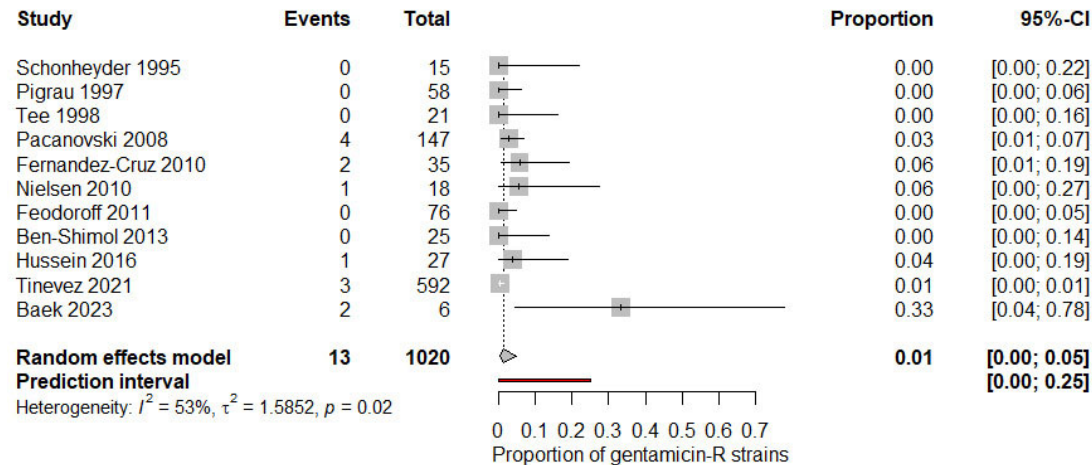


Figure S5: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of strains resistant to carbapenems.

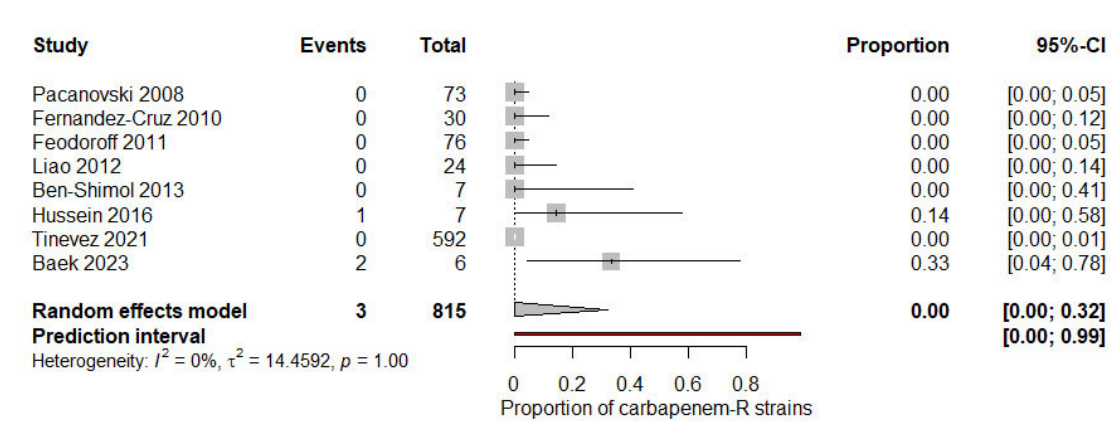


Figure S6: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of fever at the time of bloodstream infection (BSI) diagnosis.

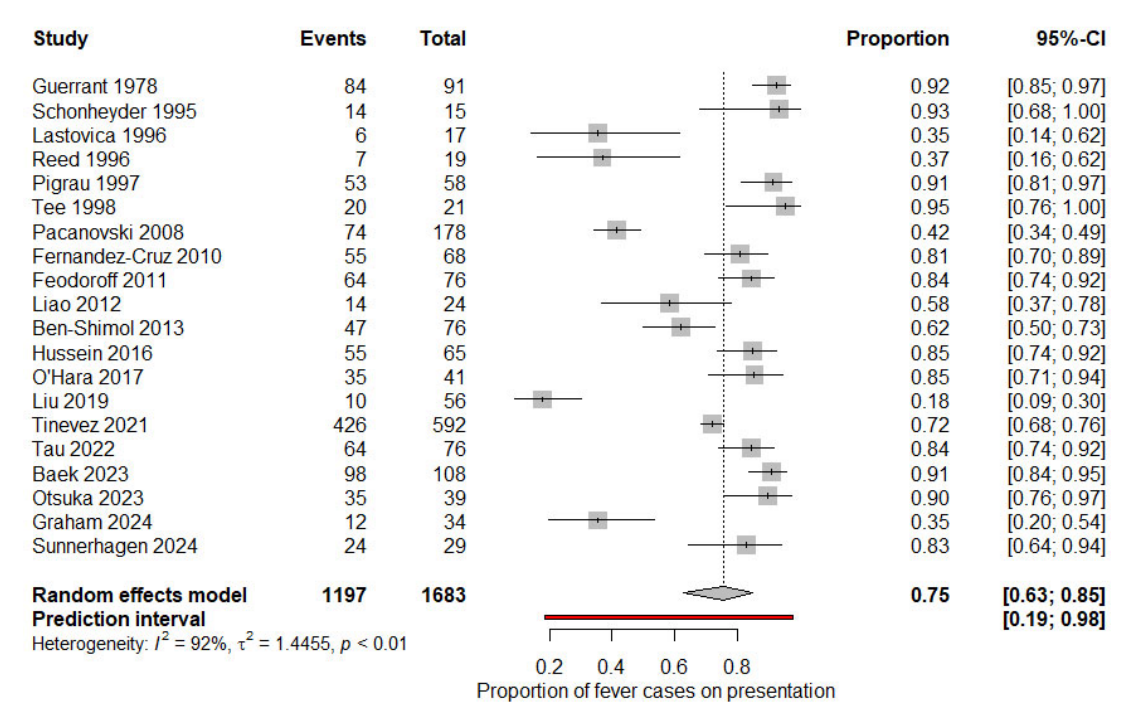


Figure S7: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of gastrointestinal manifestations at the time of bloodstream infection (BSI) diagnosis.

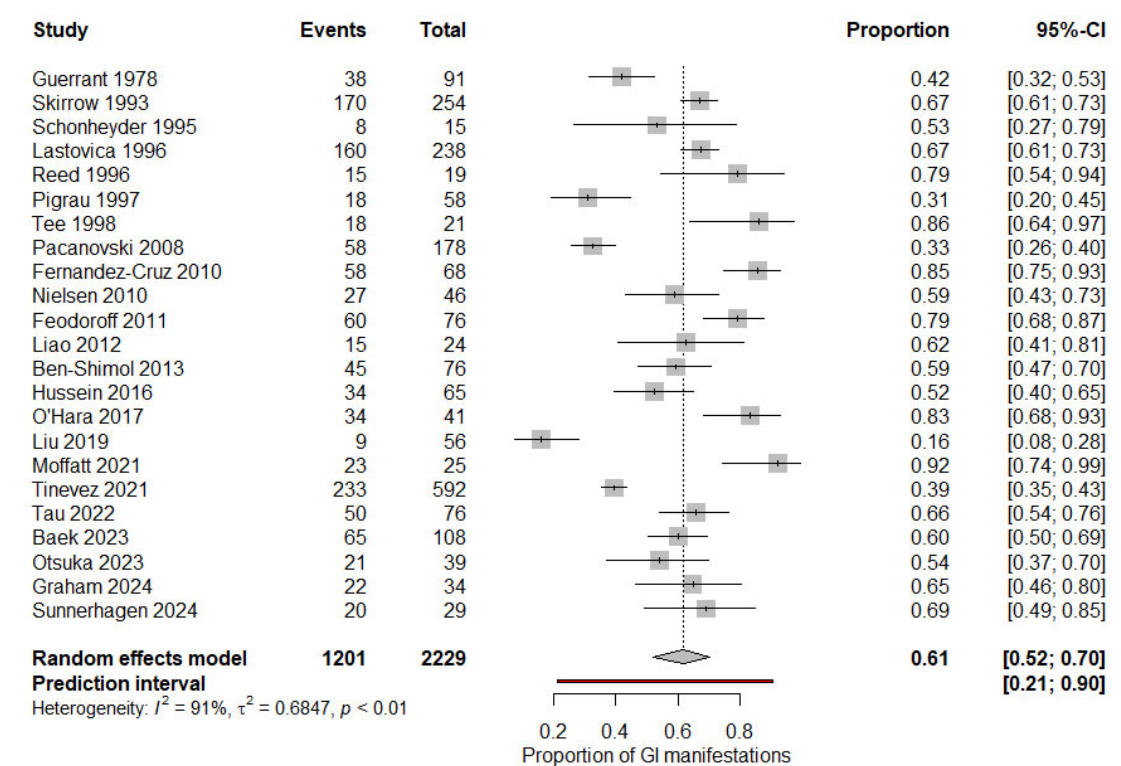


Figure S8: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of concomitant positive stool cultures at the time of bloodstream infection (BSI) diagnosis.

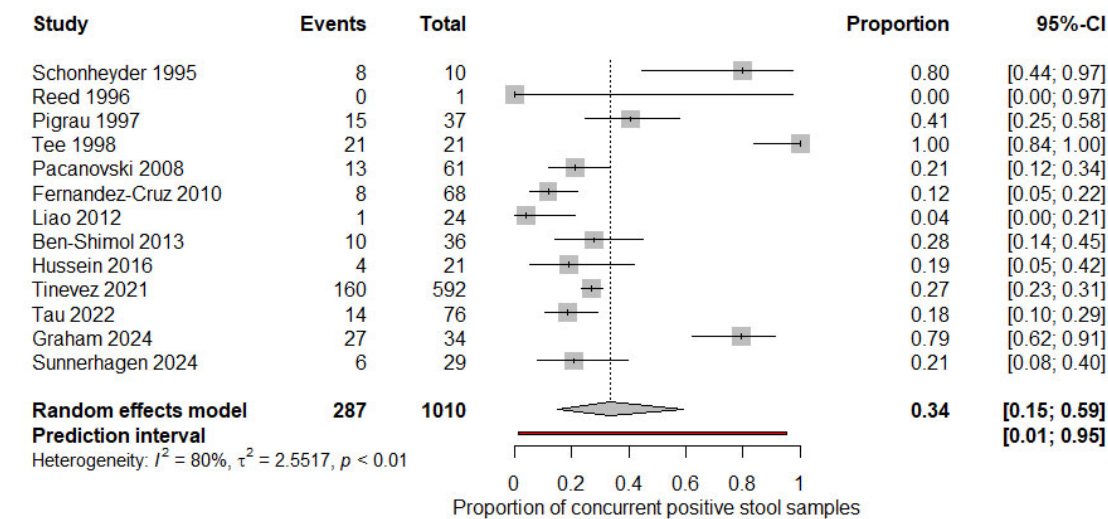


Figure S9: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of secondary localizations.

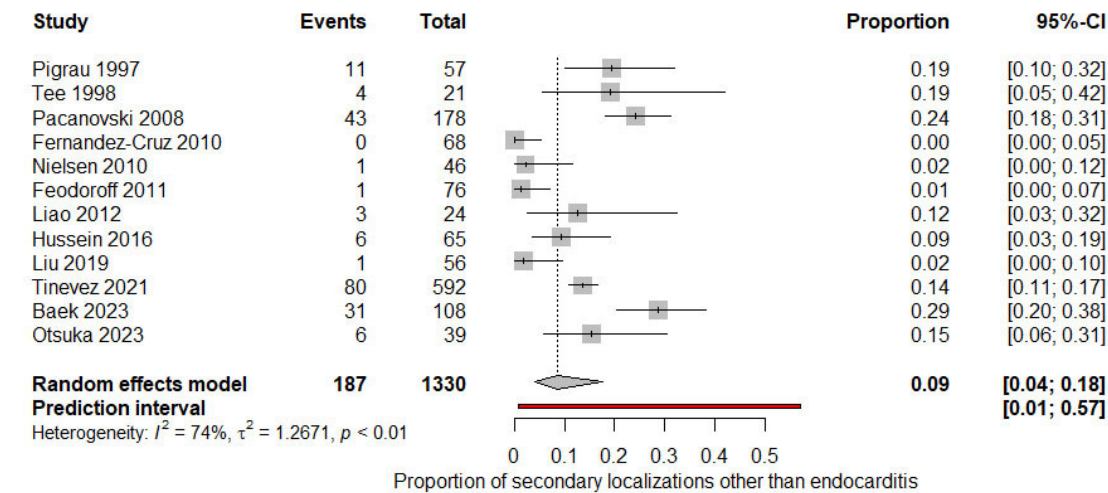




Figure S10: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of infective endocarditis.

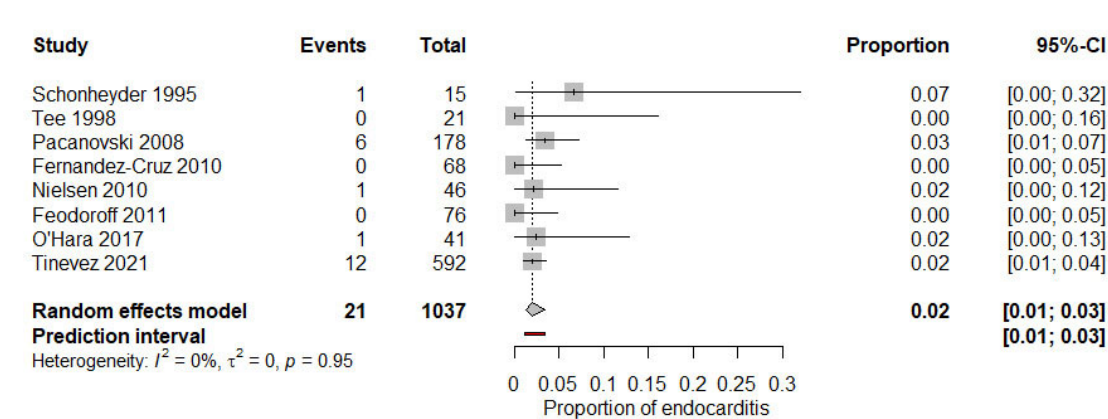


Figure S11: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of relapses.

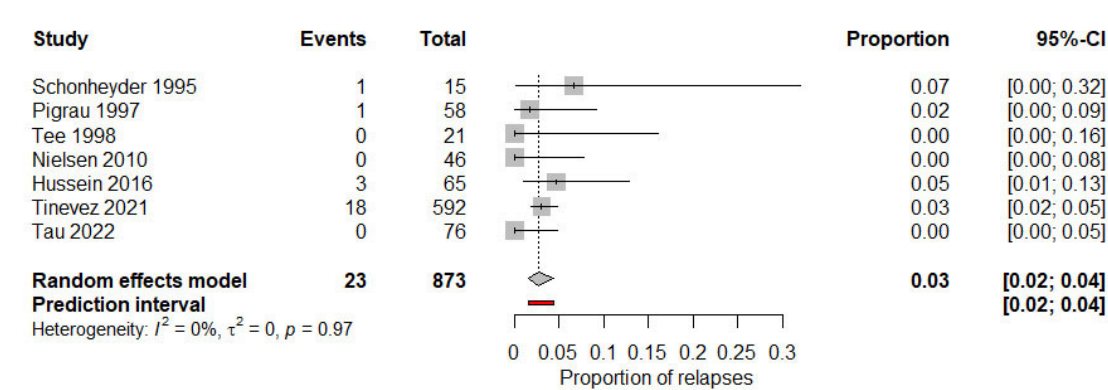


Figure S12: Forest plot illustrating the pooled prevalence of persistent cases of BSI.

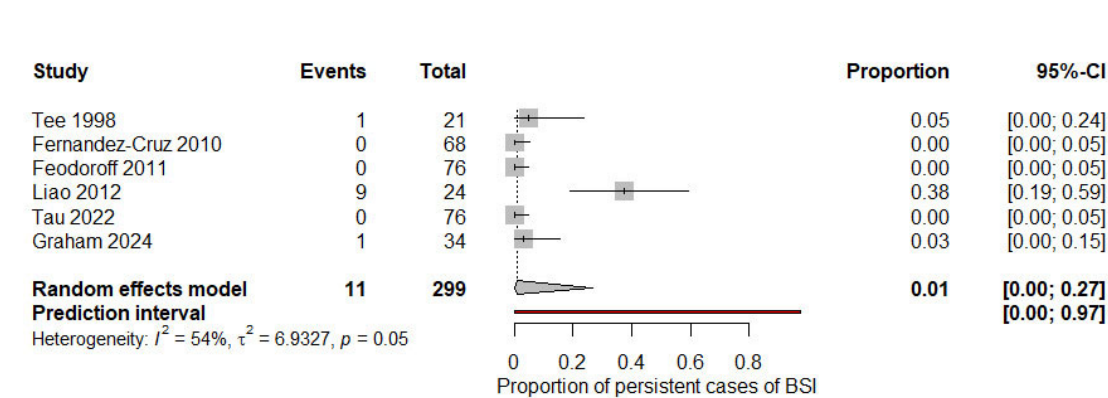


Figure S13: Forest plot showing the risk difference in adverse outcomes between appropriate and inappropriate therapy.

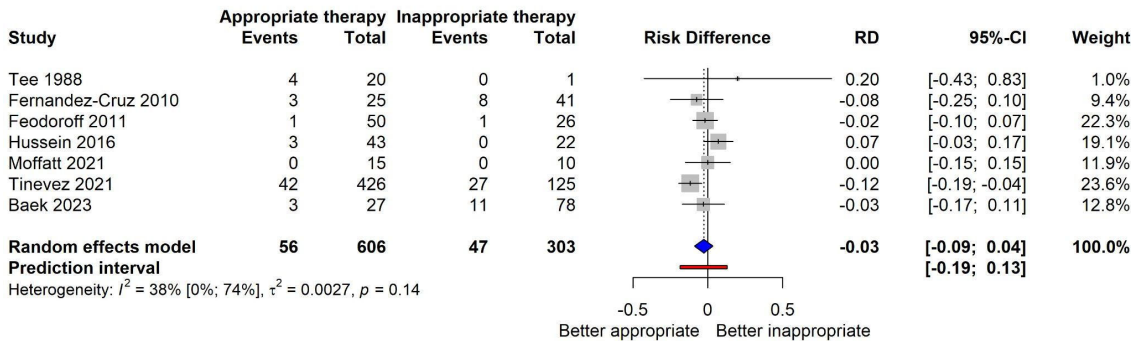




Figure S14: Meta-regression analysis of ciprofloxacin resistance in *Campylobacter* over time.

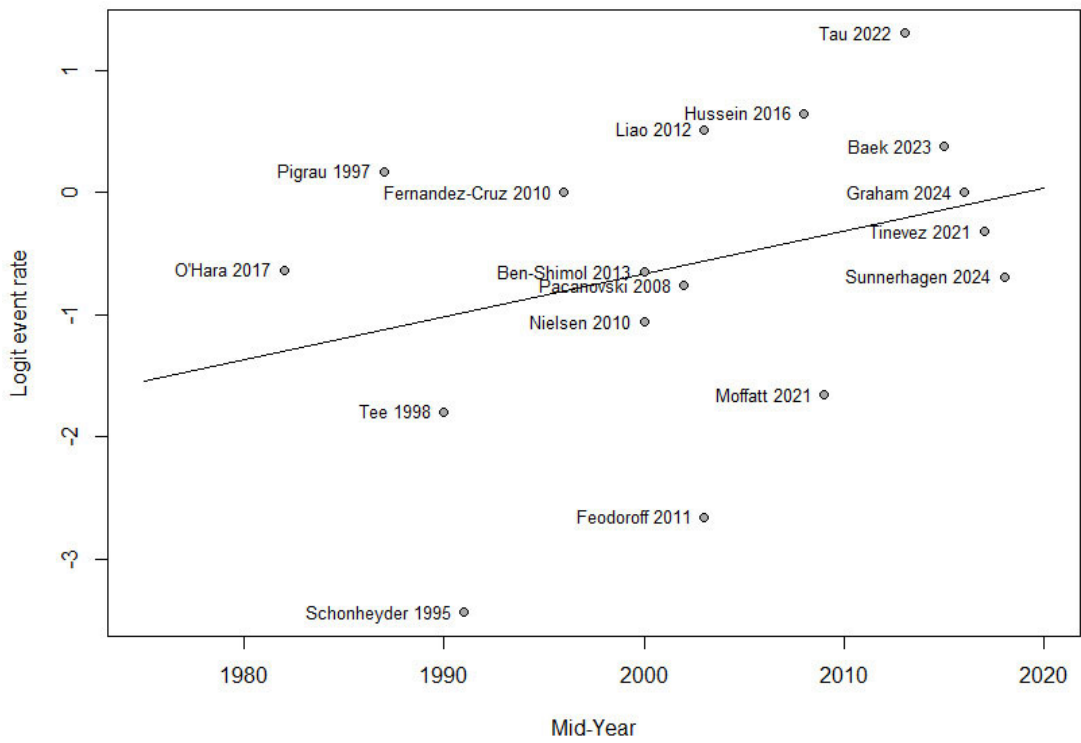


Figure S15: Meta-regression analysis of tetracycline resistance in *Campylobacter* over time.

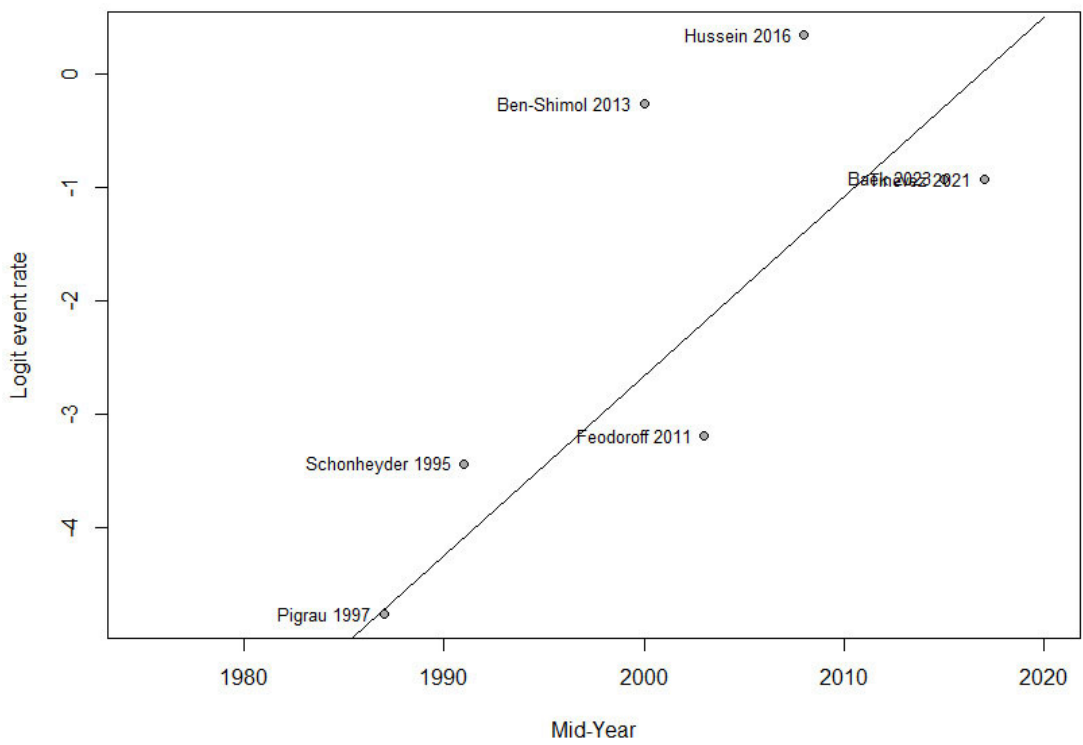


Figure S16: Doi Plot regarding proportion of *C. jejuni*.

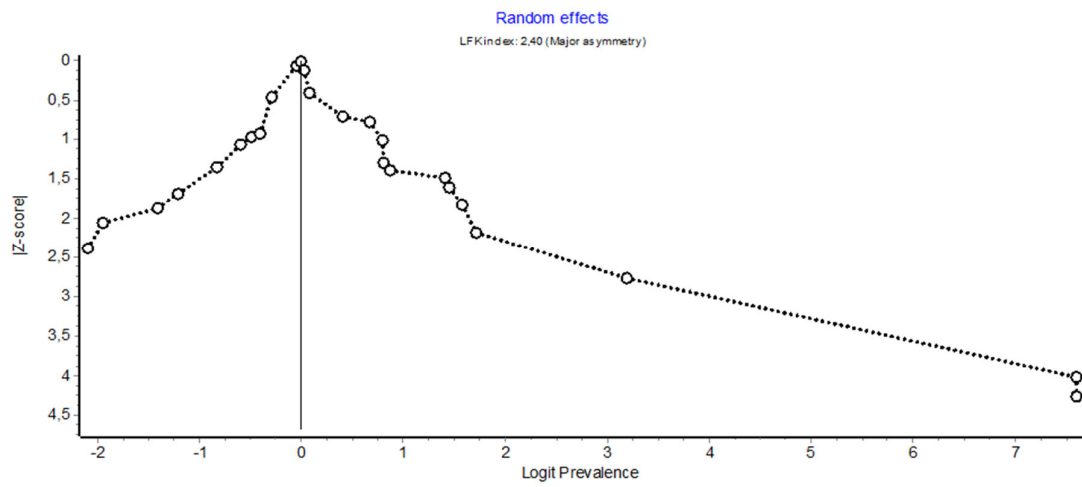


Figure S17: Doi Plot regarding Mortality.

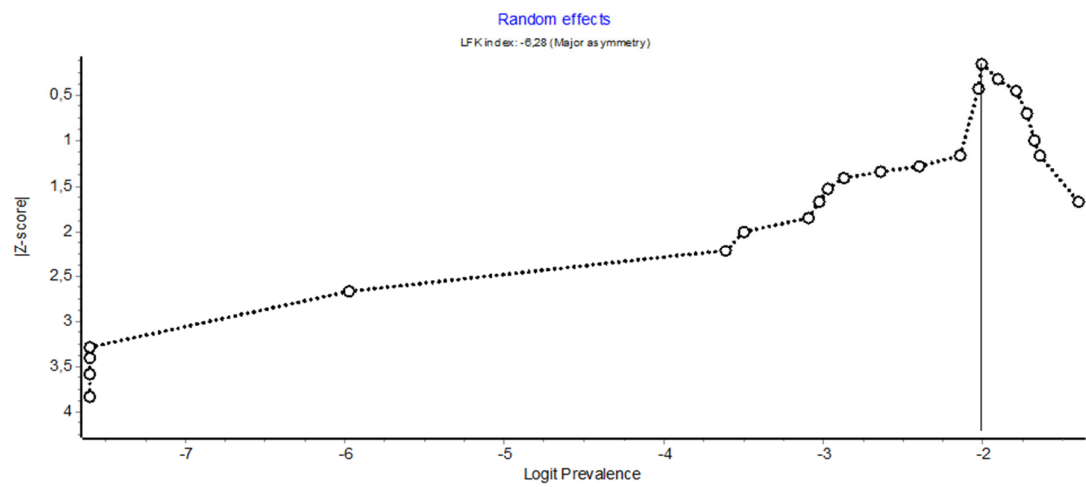
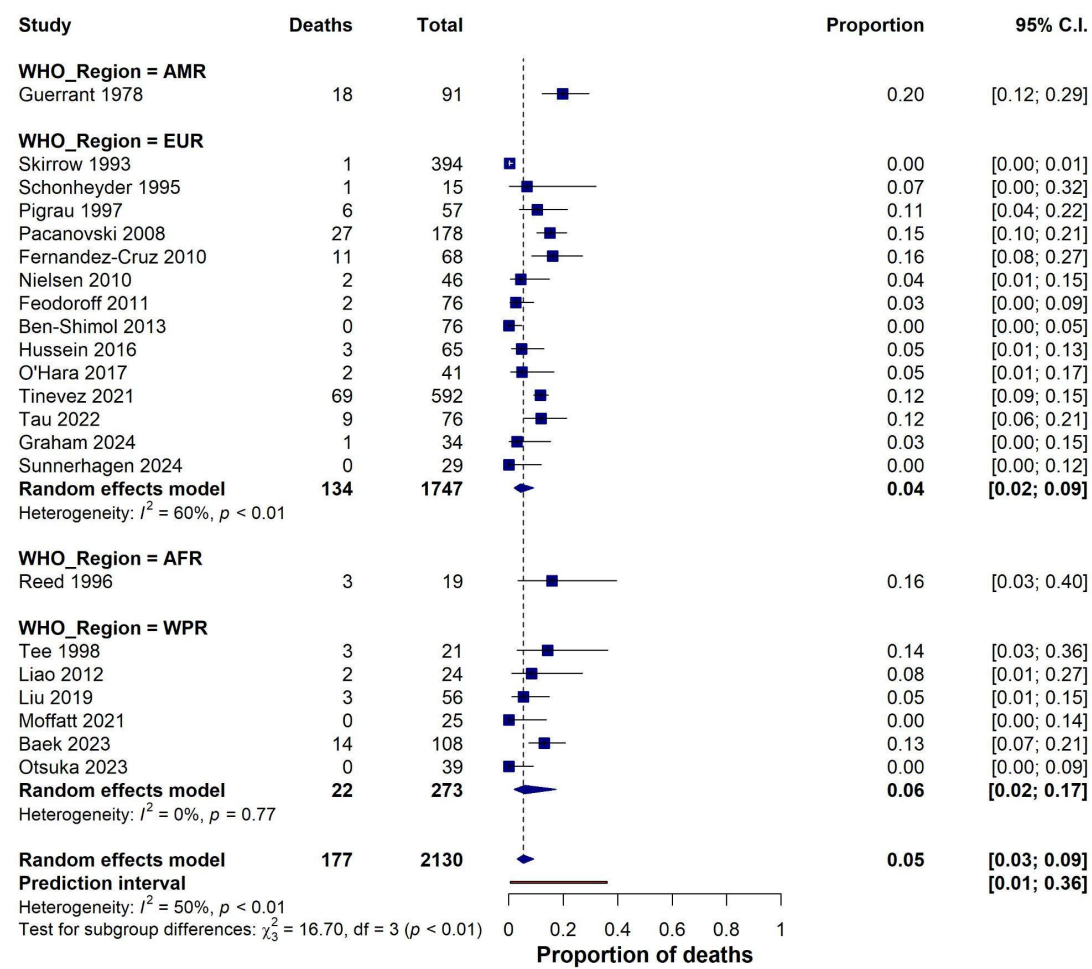


Figure S18: Forest plot illustrating the pooled analysis of mortality outcome according WHO region.



Blue cells indicate available data; pink cells indicate missing values. Columns represent variables, rows represent individual studies.

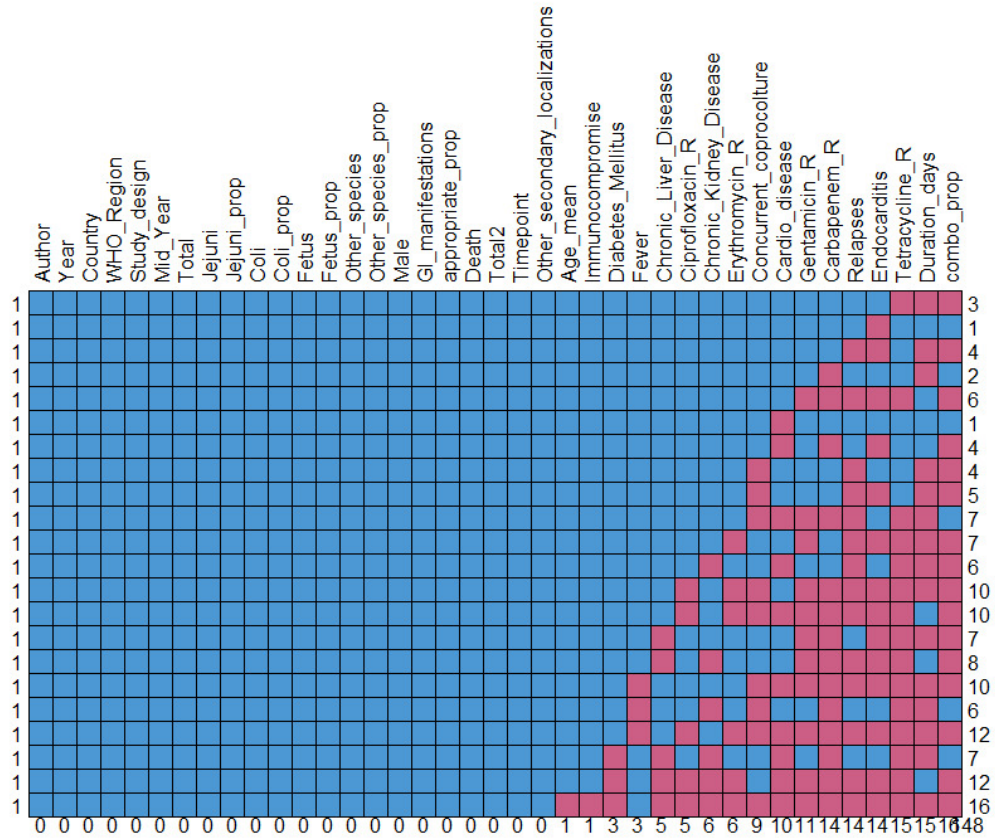


Figure S20: Influence analysis of mortality.

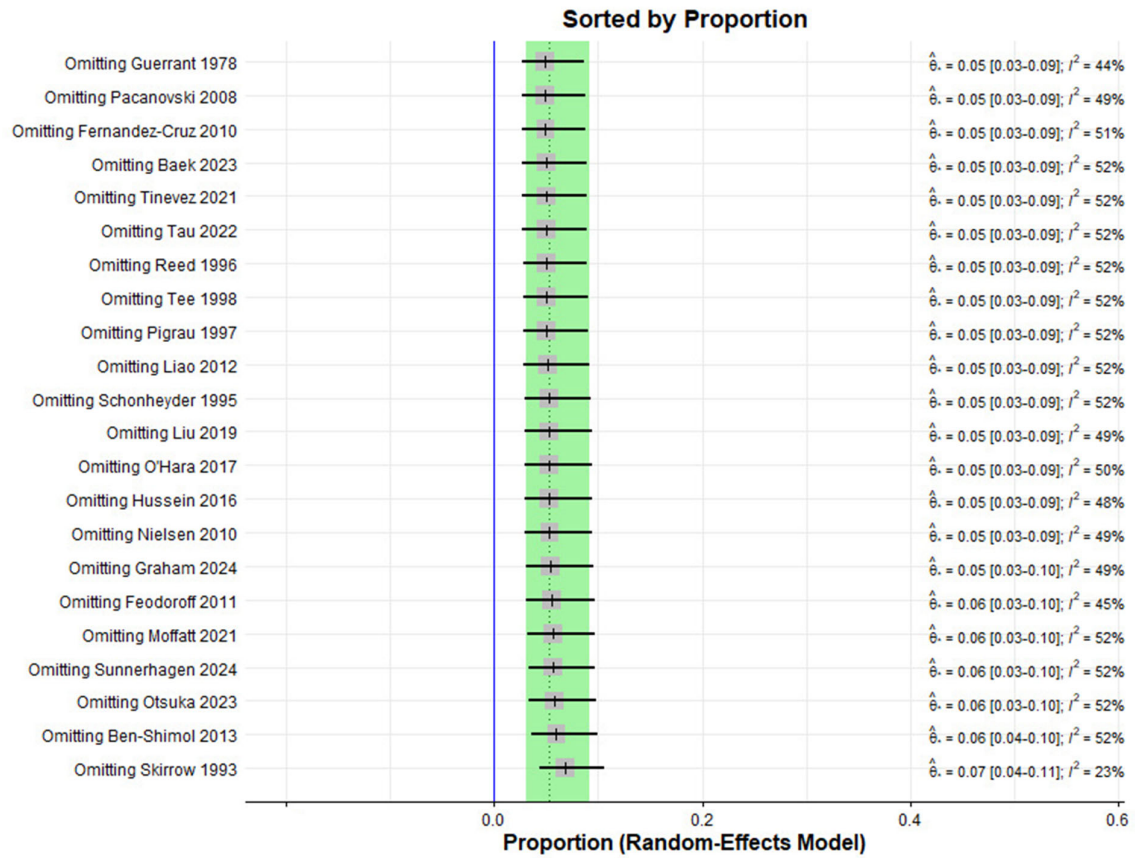


Figure S21: Influence analysis of the pooled odds ratio for appropriate treatment.

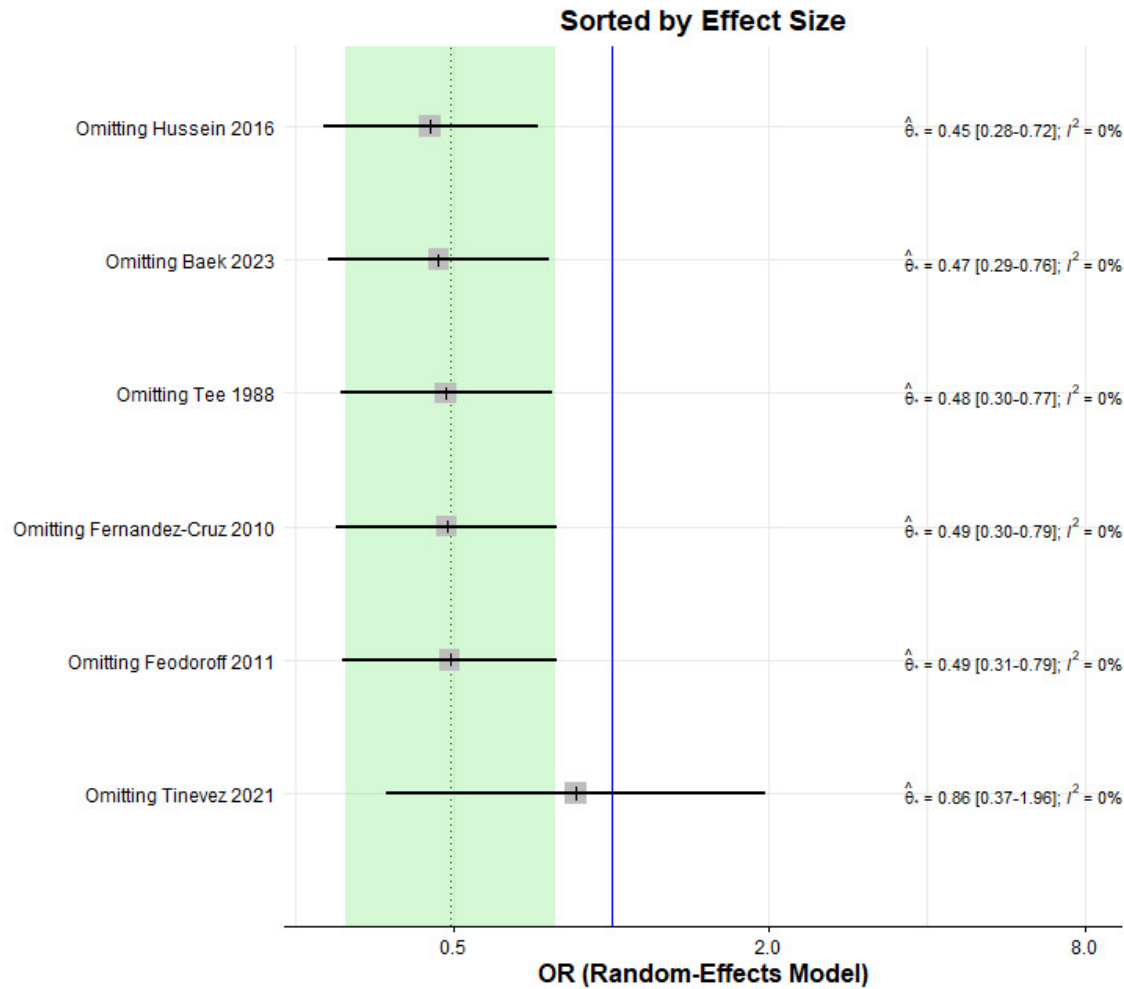




Figure S22: Influence analysis of the pooled risk difference for appropriate treatment.

