

Nestedness and turnover unveil inverse spatial patterns of compositional and functional β -diversity at varying depth in marine benthos

Supplementary material

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Appendix S1. List of sessile taxa recorded in the study area.

Foraminifera	<i>Miniacina miniacea</i> (Pallas, 1766)	
	<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i> (Linnaeus) P.C. Silva, 1952	
	<i>Anadyomene stellata</i> (Wulfen) C. Agardh, 1823	
	<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i> Sonder, 1845	
	<i>Codium bursa</i> (Olivi) C. Agardh, 1817	
	<i>Codium coralloides</i> (Kützting) P.C. Silva, 1960	
Chlorophyta	<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i> (Scopoli) Krasser, 1898	
	<i>Flabellia petiolata</i> (Turra) Nizamuddin, 1987	
	Green Filamentous Algae	<i>Bryopsis, Cladophora</i>
	<i>Halimeda tuna</i> (J. Ellis & Solander) J.V. Lamouroux, 1816	
	<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i> (Naccari) Rabenhorst, 1868	
	<i>Valonia macrophysa</i> Kützting, 1843	
	<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	<i>A. rigida</i> J.V. Lamouroux, 1816; <i>A. cryptarthrodia</i> Zanardini, 1844; <i>A. beauvoisii</i> J.V. Lamouroux, 1816
	<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	
	<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i> (Withering) Le Jolis, 1863	
	<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i> (J. Ellis & Solander) K.R. Hind & G.W. Saunders, 2013	
	Encrusting Rhodophytes	<i>Lithophyllum</i> , <i>Lithothamnion</i> , <i>Neogoniolithon</i> , <i>Mesophyllum</i>
	** <i>Gloiocladia repens</i> (C. Agardh) Sánchez & Rodríguez-Prieto, 2007	
Rhodophyta	<i>Halopteris scoparia</i> (Linnaeus) Sauvageau, 1904	
	<i>Jania rubens</i> (Linnaeus) J.V. Lamouroux, 1816	
	* <i>Jania virgata</i> (Zanardini) Montagne, 1846	
	<i>Laurencia</i> spp.	<i>L. obtusa</i> (Hudson) J.V. Lamouroux, 1813; <i>L. microcladia</i> Kützting, 1865; <i>Chondrophycus</i> sp.; <i>P. rubra</i> (Greville) J. Agardh, 1851; <i>P. squamaria</i> (S.G. Gmelin) Decaisne, 1842; <i>P. rosamarina</i> Boudouresque & Denizot, 1973
	<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	
	** <i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i> (Linnaeus) Huisman & R.A. Townsend, 1993	

	** <i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i> (Mertens ex Roth) Derbès & Solier, 1851	
	<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	
	<i>Cystoseira compressa</i> (Esper) Gerloff & Nizamuddin, 1975	
	<i>Dictyopteris polypodioides</i> (A.P. De Candolle) J.V. Lamouroux, 1809	
Ochrophyta	<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	<i>D. dichotoma</i> (Hudson) J.V. Lamouroux, 1809; <i>D. spiralis</i> Montagne, 1846; <i>D. fasciola</i> (Roth) J.V. Lamouroux, 1809
	<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i> (Meneghini) Hauck, 1885	
	<i>Padina pavonica</i> (Linnaeus) Thivy, 1960	
	<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	
	** <i>Agelas oroides</i> (Schmidt, 1864)	
	<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i> (Nardo, 1833)	
	<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i> Nardo, 1847	
	* <i>Cliona rhodensis</i> Rützler & Bromley, 1981	
	<i>Cliona schmidti</i> (Ridley, 1881)	
	<i>Cliona viridis</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
	<i>Crambe crambe</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
Porifera	** <i>Dysidea avara</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
	<i>Hemimycale columella</i> (Bowerbank, 1874)	
	<i>Ircinia variabilis</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
	* <i>Oscarella lobularis</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
	<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i> (Poiret, 1789)	
	<i>Phorbas fictitius</i> (Bowerbank, 1866)	
	<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i> Schmidt, 1862	
	* <i>Scalarispongia scalaris</i> (Schmidt, 1862)	
	* <i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i> (Risso, 1826)	
Cnidaria	* <i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i> (Pallas, 1766)	
	Hydroids	
	** <i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i> Lacaze-Duthiers, 1897	
Annelida	Serpulidae	<i>Serpula vermicularis</i> Linnaeus, 1767; <i>Hydroides dianthus</i> (Verrill, 1873); <i>Pomatocerus, Spirorbis</i>
Mollusca	<i>Rocellaria dubia</i> (Pennan, 1777)	

	Vermetidae	<i>Dendropoma petraeum</i> (Monterosato, 1884); <i>Vermetus triquetrus</i> Bivona-Bernardi, 1832; <i>Thylacodes arenarius</i> (Linnaeus, 1758)
Crustacea	* <i>Perforatus perforatus</i> (Bruguière, 1789)	
	* <i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i> (Bertoloni, 1810)	
Bryozoa	Encrusting Bryozoans	<i>Schizobrachiella sanguinea</i> (Norman, 1868); <i>Calpensia</i> . <i>Schizomavella</i> sp., <i>Schizoporella</i> sp. <i>Bugula</i> spp.; <i>Margaretta cereoides</i> (Ellis & Solander, 1786); <i>Hornera frondiculata</i> (Lamarck, 1816)
	Erect Bryozoans	
	** <i>Myriapora truncata</i> (Pallas, 1766)	
	<i>Nolella gigantea</i> (Busk, 1856)	
	** <i>Smittina cervicornis</i> (Pallas, 1766)	
	<i>Ascidia mentula</i> Müller, 1776	
	* <i>Ascidia</i> sp.	
Tunicata	Didemnidae	<i>Didemnum lahillei</i> Hartmeyer, 1909; <i>D. maculosum</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1841); <i>D. fulgens</i> (Milne-Edwards, 1841); <i>Trididemnum cereum</i> (Giard, 1872)
	* <i>Diplosoma listerianum</i> (Milne Edwards, 1841)	
	** <i>Halocynthia papillosa</i> (Linnaeus, 1767)	
Other	Filamentous Algae	<i>Polysiphonia</i> , <i>Ceramium</i> , <i>Sphacelaria</i> , <i>Feldmannia</i> , <i>Hincksia</i>

* = taxa found only at 5 m depth; ** = taxa found only at 15 m depth.

Appendix S2. Full list of functional traits.

The list of functional traits was compiled based on the framework proposed by Bremner et al. (2006, 2008), which identified 28 biological traits as key indicators of main ecosystem processes, properties and activities, including energy and elemental cycling (carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, sulphur), silicon cycling, calcium carbonate cycling, food supply/export, productivity, habitat/shelter provision, temporal pattern (population variability, community resistance and resilience), propagule supply/export, adult immigration/emigration, and modification of physical processes. The processes of trait identification and selection integrated a recent reviews of biological and ecological species traits listing 42 traits defined specifically for benthic invertebrates (Costello et al. 2015).

Since our study focused on subtidal sessile assemblages on bedrock, traits that did not apply to this condition were not considered (e.g., bioturbation). Traits referring to physiography, hydrodynamic and tidal regimes, and biological zone of the benthic realm were also discarded, because the study exclusively concerned assemblages from open coast, exposed rocky reefs in the subtidal.

Traits that are difficult to quantify in the real world such as, for instance, the predictability of population dynamics, were excluded (Bremner et al. 2006). In some cases, multiple aspects were here condensed into a single trait; for example, information of growth form, shape, and habit was resumed into the single trait *Body Complexity*, accounting for both body shape and three-dimensional structure.

A total of 48 functional traits were selected (see Table A1). Information for each taxon recorded (see Appendix S1) and each functional trait was searched in the scientific literature, using the main search engines (i.e., Web of Science, Scopus, Google Scholar), and in several authoritative online databases (accessed in July 2018, see below for bibliographic and web references).

About 10% of organisms were identified only as genera, families or morphological groups. For genera and families, trait values were assigned based on information at these taxonomic levels, if available. In many cases the collection of destructive samples allowed the identification of intra-taxon species composition (see Appendix S1). Therefore, after checking intra-taxon similarity, it was possible to ascribe a common trait value for categorical and ordinal variables, whereas the average value was assigned for numeric variables. The same approach was used for morphological groups. When a common value could not be identified (i.e., when trait values largely differed among grouped species), 'NA' (not available) was inserted in the matrix. More generally, 'NA' was used also when no information was found on a given trait. For traits *Biomass*, *Caloric content*, and *CaCO₃ content*, when data on the species was not available, trait values of a similar congeneric was used.

For six traits, data were found only for 1/3 taxa or less. These traits were not considered in the analysis of functional diversity due to the substantial lack of information. Also, nine traits were not included in the analysis (see Table A1) because all taxa accounted for the same value and, therefore, did not contribute to differences in functional diversity between depth or among islands.

Data for the 48 functional traits were provided in Appendix S3.

Table S1. Full list of selected functional traits. The 48 traits were grouped in seven categories involving key biological and ecological features referring to morphology, life cycles and growth, reproduction, dispersal and colonization, interactions with the environment, biological interactions, matter and energy flow. “Type” column indicates whether traits are expressed as a numeric, ordinal, or categorical variable. A short description of traits and the range of trait values is reported. The % of taxa for which functional trait values were available is also provided (“Data availability”). Traits considered in functional diversity analysis (33) are given in grey.

Category	Trait	Description	Type	Values	Notes	Data availability
Morphology	<i>Body complexity</i>	Body shape and three-dimensional structure	Ordinal	1 (Crustose, flat); 2 (Filamentous, tubular); 3 (globose, lobate); 4 (Shrub-like); 5 (Erect - coarsely branched); 6 (Erect - arborescent)	–	100%
	<i>Body size</i>	Dimension of the body/colony (cm)	Ordinal	1 (1<); 2 (1-2); 3 (3-10); 4 (11-20); 5 (21-50); 6 (>50)	–	100%
	<i>Flexibility</i>	Quality of bending without breaking (angle)	Ordinal	1 (Rigid, <10°); 2 (Intermediate, >10° and <45°); 3 (Flexible, >45°)	–	100%
	<i>Fragility</i>	Likelihood to break as a result of physical impact	Ordinal	1 (Fragile); 2 (Intermediate); 3 (Robust)	–	100%
Life cycle and growth	<i>Growth form</i>	Individual or modular life form	Categorical	S (Individual); M (Modular)	–	100%
	<i>Life cycle</i>	Type of life cycle: haplontic (multicellular haploid stage, unicellular diploid stage), diplontic (the opposite of haplontic), or haplo-diplontic (presence of multicellular haploid and diploid stages)	Categorical	H (haplontic); D (diplontic); HD (haplo-diplontic)	–	94%

	<i>Developmental mechanism</i>	Development of the organism through spores, planktotrophic larvae, or lecithotrophic larvae	Categorical	S (Spores); P (Planktotrophic); L (Lecithotrophic)	–	91%
	<i>Growth rate</i>	Rate of increasing in size (mm mo ⁻¹)	Ordinal	1 (very slow: <0.1); 2 (slow: up to 1-2); 3 (moderate: up to 5); 4 (fast: up to 10); 5 (very fast: >10)	–	87%
	<i>Life span</i>	Approximate duration of life (years)	Ordinal	1 (1 or less); 2 (few); 3 (10-30); 4 (>30)	–	91%
Reproduction	<i>Reproductive type (sexual)</i>	Type of sexual reproduction	Categorical	H (Hermaphrodite/Monoecious); G (Gonochoristic/Dioecious)	–	85%
	<i>Gamete type</i>	Morphology of male and female gametes	Categorical	I (Isogamous); A (Anisogamous); O (Oogamous)	–	91%
	<i>Reproductive season</i>	Range of months or season(s) for reproduction	Categorical	Spring; Summer; Winter; Autumn; Combinations (e.g., Spring-Summer)	–	61%
	<i>Reproductive strategy</i>	Type of life strategy encompassing a single (semelparous) or multiple (iteroparous) reproductive events during life	Categorical	S (Semelparous); I (Iteroparous)	–	90%
	<i>Generation time</i>	Time between two generations (years)	Ordinal	1 (<1); 2 (1); 3 (2-5); 4 (6-10); 5 (11-20); 6 (21-50); 7 (51-100); 8 (>100)	Insufficient information for most of taxa	28%
	<i>Time to maturity</i>	Time to sexual maturity (years)	Ordinal	1 (<1); 2 (1); 3 (2-5); 4 (6-10); 5 (11-20); 6 (21-50); 7 (51-100); 8 (>100)	Insufficient information for most of taxa	34%

	<i>Fecundity-Egg size</i>	Size of eggs	Numeric	µm	Insufficient information for most of the taxa	27%
	<i>Fecundity-Number of eggs</i>	Number of eggs	Numeric	Number of eggs	Insufficient information for most of the taxa	13%
	<i>Fertilization type</i>	External or internal fertilization	Categorical	I (Internal); E (External)	All taxa have external fertilization	100%
Dispersal and colonization	<i>Spatial distribution</i>	Distribution range at basin scale (Mediterranean Sea)	Categorical	A (Central Mediterranean); B (Western and Central Mediterranean); C (Mediterranean basin-scale); D (Alien)	–	94%
	<i>Duration of larval stage (pelagic)</i>	Time spent by larval stages in the water column before settlement (days)	Categorical	1 (<7); 2 (7-15); 3 (15-30); 4 (>30)	–	97%
	<i>Asexual reproduction</i>	Presence or absence of any type of asexual reproduction	Categorical	Y (Present); N (Absent)	–	100%
	<i>Recruitment success</i>	Rate of post-settlement survival	Numeric/ Ordinal	Number or % of surviving recruits	Insufficient information for most of the taxa	0%
	<i>Migration</i>	Ability to migrate	Ordinal	1 (Resident); 2 (Passive); 3 (Active)	All taxa are resident	100%
	<i>Mobility</i>	Movement type	Categorical	S (Swimmer); C (Crawler); B (Burrower); D (Drifter); A (Attached)	All taxa are sessile (Attached)	100%
	<i>Regeneration potential</i>	Potential of surviving after injury or damage through regeneration of lost tissues	Categorical	Y (Present); N (Absent)	All taxa have regeneration potential	100%

	<i>Dispersal potential (larval)</i>	Distance of larval dispersal	Ordinal	1 (very low: <1 m); 2 (low: 10s m); 3 (medium: 100s m); 4 (high: 1000s m); 5 (very high: 10s km)	Insufficient information for most of the taxa	30%
	<i>Dispersal potential (adult)</i>	Distance of adult dispersal	Ordinal	1 (very low: <1 m); 2 (low: 10s m); 3 (medium: 100s m); 4 (high: 1000s m); 5 (very high: 10s km)	None for all taxa (all are sessile)	100%
Interactions with the environment	<i>Living habit/environmental position</i>	Position with respect to the substrate	Categorical	ENDO (Endobenthic); EPI (Epibenthic)	–	100%
	<i>Strength of attachment to substrate</i>	Difficulty of being detached from the substrate	Ordinal	1 (Low); 2 (Moderate); 3 (High)	–	100%
	<i>Min depth</i>	Approximate upper limit of depth distribution range (m)	Ordinal	1 (0-2); 2 (3-5); 3 (5-15)	–	96%
	<i>Max depth</i>	Approximate lower limit of depth distribution range (m)	Ordinal	1 (<15); 2 (15-50); 3 (50-100); 4 (100-200); 5 (>200)	–	93%
	<i>Min salinity</i>	Approximate lower limit of the salinity range	Numeric	PSU	–	85%
	<i>Max temperature</i>	Approximate upper limit of temperature range	Numeric	°C	–	88%
	<i>Max N</i>	Approximate upper limit of nitrogen range	Numeric	µmol/L	–	79%
	<i>Max P</i>	Approximate upper limit of phosphorous range	Numeric	µmol/L	–	78%

	<i>Min O% saturation</i>	Approximate lower limit of oxygen saturation range	Numeric	% O ₂ saturation	–	73%
	<i>Degree of attachment to substrate</i>	Quality of being permanently or temporary attached to the substrate	Categorical	P (Permanently); T (Temporary)	All taxa are permanently attached	100%
	<i>Substratum preferences</i>	Type of typical substrate	Categorical	e.g., bedrock, sand, mud, boulders	All taxa are typical of bedrock	100%
Biological interactions	<i>Sociability</i>	Aptitude to live with conspecific or to form colonies	Ordinal	1 (Solitary); 2 (Gregarious); 3 (Colonial)	–	100%
	<i>Defence</i>	Presence of defence against predators, competitors	Categorical	None; Physical; Chemical; Physical-chemical	–	85%
	<i>Biogenic habitat provision</i>	Quality of providing shelter or secondary substrate for other organisms	Ordinal	1 (None); 2 (Shelter); 3 (Substrate); 4 (Substrate + Shelter)	–	99%
	<i>Scale of habitat provision</i>	Persistence in providing shelter, secondary substrate or forming biogenic habitat	Ordinal	1 (None); 2 (Ephemeral); 3 (Moderate); 4 (Long-lasting)	–	100%
	<i>Food type/diet</i>	Type of food ingested	Categorical	Chemical uptake; Suspended matter (including living matter)		100%
	<i>Dependency</i>	Presence of symbiotic interactions	Categorical	e.g., independent, parasitic, commensal, mutualistic	All taxa are independent	100%

Matter and energy flow	<i>Feeding habit</i>	Strategy employed for food collection/production	Ordinal	1 (Producer); 2 (Passive suspension feeder); 3 (Active suspension feeders); 4 (Predators)	–	100%
	<i>Biomass</i>	Biomass	Numeric	g of dry weight per 100 g of fresh weight	–	97%
	<i>Caloric content</i>	Energy content of tissues	Numeric	KJ g ⁻¹ ash-free weight	–	99%
	<i>CaCO₃ content</i>	Amount CaCO ₃ in tissues (% per g dry weight)	Ordinal	1 (None/low: <30%); 2 (Intermediate: 30-60%); 3 (High: 60-80%); 4 (Very high: >80%)	–	100%

Reference for traits

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Appendix S3. Functional trait values for all taxa found in the study (see Appendix S1). Values are reported for all the 48 functional traits listed in Table S1 (Appendix S2). NA = not available/not found.

	Morphology				Life cycle and growth				
	Body complexity	Body size	Flexibility	Fragility	Growth form	Life cycle	Developmental mechanism	Growth rate	Life span
<i>Jania rubens</i>	6	3	2	1	M	HD	S	5	1
<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	2	3	3	1	I	D	S	5	2
<i>Agelas oroides</i>	3	4	2	2	M	D	L	4	3
<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	6	3	1	1	M	HD	S	NA	2
<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	4	2	3	1	M	D	S	4	1
<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i>	5	5	2	2	M	D	L	1	2
<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	3	3	2	2	I	D	L	NA	3
<i>Ascidia</i> sp. 1	3	3	2	2	I	D	L	NA	3
<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	3	2	1	3	I	D	P	5	2
<i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i>	3	3	1	2	I	D	NA	1	3
<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	3	2	2	1	M	HD	S	4	2
<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	5	6	3	1	M	H	S	5	2
<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	2	1	2	1	M	D	L	NA	NA
<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	3	5	2	2	M	D	L	1	4
<i>Cliona schmidti</i>	1	3	1	1	M	D	L	4	2
<i>Codium bursa</i>	3	4	2	3	M	D	S	4	2
<i>Codium coralloides</i>	3	5	2	2	M	D	S	4	2
<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	3	4	2	1	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	6	3	3	2	M	HD	S	2	2
<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	1	3	1	1	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	6	5	3	3	M	D	S	3	2
<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	3	3	2	1	M	D	S	NA	1

<i>Dictyopterus polypodioides</i>	5	5	3	2	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	5	5	3	2	M	HD	S	4	1
Didemnidae	1	2	1	1	M	D	L	4	2
<i>Diplosoma listerianum</i>	1	4	1	1	M	D	L	5	1
<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	6	3	3	1	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Dysidea avara</i>	3	4	2	2	M	D	L	2	3
Erect Bryozoans	6	3	1	1	M	D	L	5	1
Encrusting Rhodophytes	1	4	1	2	M	HD	S	2	4
Encrusting Bryozoans	1	4	1	1	M	D	L	5	1
<i>Crambe crambe</i>	1	5	1	2	M	D	L	2	3
<i>Gloiocladia repens</i>	5	3	3	2	M	NA	S	4	NA
Filamentous Algae	2	2	3	1	M	NA	S	5	1
<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	4	3	3	1	M	NA	S	4	1
<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	5	3	2	2	M	D	S	4	2
<i>Rocellaria dubia</i>	3	2	1	1	I	D	NA	NA	2
Green Filamentous Algae	2	2	2	1	M	D	S	5	1
<i>Cliona viridis</i>	1	4	1	1	M	D	L	4	2
<i>Halimeda tuna</i>	5	4	2	1	M	D	S	4	1
<i>Jania virgata</i>	6	3	2	1	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	3	4	2	1	M	D	L	1	2
<i>Hemimycale columella</i>	1	4	1	1	M	D	L	2	2
Hydroids	2	2	2	1	M	D	NA	NA	2
<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	3	5	2	3	M	D	L	1	3
<i>Laurencia obtusa</i>	6	4	3	2	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i>	3	3	1	1	I	D	L	1	4
<i>Scalarispongia scalaris</i>	3	5	2	3	M	D	L	2	4
<i>Miniacina miniacea</i>	3	1	1	1	I	HD	NA	5	1
<i>Myriapora truncata</i>	5	3	1	1	M	D	L	1	NA

<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	2	1	1	1	M	D	L	NA	NA
<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	3	4	2	1	M	D	L	2	3
<i>Padina pavonica</i>	4	3	2	2	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	1	4	1	1	M	NA	S	4	2
<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	3	5	1	3	M	D	L	1	4
<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	4	3	2	2	M	HD	S	2	2
<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	1	3	1	1	M	D	L	4	2
<i>Phorbas fictitius</i>	1	4	1	1	M	D	L	2	NA
<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	3	6	2	3	M	D	L	2	3
<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	6	6	3	2	M	D	S	3	2
Serpulidae	2	3	1	1	I	D	NA	4	2
<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	5	3	1	1	M	D	L	2	2
<i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i>	2	1	1	1	M	D	NA	NA	NA
<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	6	4	3	2	M	HD	S	4	2
<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	5	3	2	1	M	HD	S	4	1
<i>Valonia macrophysa</i>	3	2	1	1	M	HD	S	4	1
Vermetidae	2	3	1	2	I	D	L	3	2

Appendix S3. (continued).

	Reproduction								
	Reproductive type	Gamete type	Fertilization type	Reproductive season	Reproductive strategy	Generation time	Time to maturity	Fecundity -Egg size	Fecundity-Number of eggs
<i>Jania rubens</i>	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	1	1	20-90 µm	NA
<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	H	I	E	NA	I	NA	3	NA	NA
<i>Agelas oroides</i>	G	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	G	A	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i>	G	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	0.15 nm	6-8 mm ⁻³
<i>Ascidia</i> sp. 1	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	1	1	221 µm	100s to 1000..
<i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i>	H	O	E	Summer-Winter	I	NA	3	400 µm	8-14 mm ⁻³
<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	G	NA	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	H	I	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	H	O	E	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	G	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Cliona schmidti</i>	G	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Codium bursa</i>	G	A	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Codium coralloides</i>	G	A	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	G	A	E	Spring	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	G	O	E	Winter-Spring	I	NA	NA	20-90 µm	NA
<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	G	A	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	G	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	60-250 µm	NA
<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	G	I	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA

<i>Dictyopteris polypodioides</i>	G	O	E	NA	S	1	1	20-90 µm	NA
<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	G	O	E	Summer	S	1	1	20-90 µm	NA
Didemnidae	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	NA	2	NA	1-20 per zoid
<i>Diplosoma listerianum</i>	H	O	E	Summer-Autumn	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Dysidea avara</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
Erect Bryozoans	NA	O	E	Summer-Autumn	S	1	1	NA	very high
Encrusting Rhodophytes	G	O	E	Autumn-Winter- Spring	I	NA	3	NA	high
Encrusting Bryozoans	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Crambe crambe</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Gloiocladia repens</i>	H	NA	E	Summer-Autumn	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Filamentous Algae	NA	NA	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	NA	NA	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	G	A	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Rocellaria dubia</i>	NA	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
Green Filamentous Algae	G	A	E	NA	S	1	1	<20 µm	NA
<i>Cliona viridis</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Halimeda tuna</i>	G	A	E	Summer-Autumn	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Jania virgata</i>	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	1	1	20-90 µm	NA
<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	H	O	E	Summer-Autumn	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Hemimycale columella</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	26 µm	4 mm ⁻³
Hydroids	G	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	200 µm	NA
<i>Laurencia obtusa</i>	G	O	E	NA	S	1	1	NA	NA
<i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i>	G	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	400 µm	38-114 mm ⁻³
<i>Scarispongia scalaris</i>	G	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Miniacina miniacina</i>	NA	I	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Myriapora truncata</i>	G	O	E	Spring	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	NA	O	E	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	150 µm	NA
<i>Padina pavonica</i>	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	S	1	1	180 µm	NA
<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	NA	NA	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	200 µm	4 mm ⁻³
<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	H	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Phorbas fictitius</i>	NA	O	E	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	H	O	E	Summer	I	NA	NA	60-250 µm	NA
Serpulidae	H	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	1	1	40-230 µm	NA
<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	H	O	E	NA	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i>	NA	O	E	Spring-Summer	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	H	O	E	Autumn-Winter	I	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	G	O	E	NA	S	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Valonia macrophysa</i>	NA	NA	E	Spring-Summer	S	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vermetidae	G	O	E	Spring-Summer	I	NA	NA	NA	NA

Appendix S3. (continued).

	Dispersal and colonization								
	Spatial distribution	Duration of larval stage	Asexual reproduction	Recruitment success	Migration	Mobility	Regeneration potential	Dispersal potential (larval)	Dispersal potential (adult)
<i>Jania rubens</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Agelas oroides</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	C	2	N	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Ascidia</i> sp. 1	NA	NA	N	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	C	2	N	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Balanophyllia</i> (<i>Balanophyllia</i>) <i>europaea</i>	C	4	N	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	D	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Cliona schmidtii</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Codium bursa</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Codium coralloides</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	2	1
<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1

<i>Dictyopterus polypodioides</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Didemnidae	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	3	1
<i>Diplosoma listerianum</i>	A	3	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Dysidea avara</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Erect Bryozoans	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	3	1
Encrusting Rhodophytes	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	3	1
Encrusting Bryozoans	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Crambe crambe</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Gloiocladia repens</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Filamentous Algae	NA	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Rocellaria dubia</i>	C	2	N	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Green Filamentous Algae	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Cliona viridis</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Halimeda tuna</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Jania virgata</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Hemimycale columella</i>	A	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Hydroids	NA	3	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	5	1
<i>Laurencia obtusa</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i>	B	4	Y	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
<i>Scalarispongia scalaris</i>	NA	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Miniacina miniacea</i>	C	NA	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1

<i>Myriapora truncata</i>	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Padina pavonica</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Phorbas fictitius</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	2	1
<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	C	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	C	3	Y	NA	1	A	Y	4	1
Serpulidae	C	3	Y	NA	1	A	Y	3	1
<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	B	2	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i>	C	3	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
<i>Valonia macrophysa</i>	C	1	Y	NA	1	A	Y	NA	1
Vermetidae	C	3	N	NA	1	A	Y	2	1

Appendix S3. (continued).

	Interactions with the environment										
	Living habit - environmental position	Substrate preference	Degree of attachment to substrate	Strength of attachment to substrate	Min depth	Max depth	Min salinity	Max Temperature	Max N	Max P	Min O% saturation
<i>Jania rubens</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	50	38.0	26.0	1.69	0.23	97.4
<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	10	38.0	17.0	1.69	0.23	97.4
<i>Agelas oroides</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	3	40	37.9	17.0	0.54	0.13	99.49
<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	40	37.1	26.0	0.70	0.11	103.8
<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	30	35.7	27.0	5.24	0.50	85.85
<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	130	35.0	27.5	NA	NA	NA
<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	200	20.0	28.0	0.12	0.65	94.5
<i>Ascidia</i> sp. 1	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	100	NA	27.0	0.28	NA	NA
<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	NA	34.3	28.7	5.24	0.50	85.9
<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	70	34.4	29.0	2.38	0.31	87.7
<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	2	70	35.2	25.7	0.86	0.13	97.19
<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	80	36.0	24.0	4.13	0.28	79.9
<i>Cliona schmidtii</i>	ENDO	Bedrock	P	3	2	80	36.3	26.0	4.13	0.28	79.9
<i>Codium bursa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	30	37.9	17.4	1.69	0.23	97.4
<i>Codium coralloides</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	40	34.9	26.4	5.11	0.71	99.6
<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	20	38.0	17.4	1.42	0.18	101.0
<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	30	38.2	16.3	7.12	0.45	102.0
<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	20	38.0	17.0	1.42	0.18	101.0
<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	100	37.1	26.0	0.99	0.18	99.9
<i>Dictyopteris polypodioides</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	40	35.0	25.3	7.25	0.50	99.7

<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	40	35.0	26.0	7.25	0.50	97.4
Didemnidae	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	20	35.0	25.0	NA	NA	NA
<i>Diplosoma listerianum</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	70	31.8	27.7	6.73	1.17	88.7
<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	20	35.2	11.9	7.12	0.44	100.0
<i>Dysidea avara</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	50	35.5	15.7	1.33	0.25	99.1
Erect Bryozoans	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	>200	34.9	27.0	2.79	1.52	71.1
Encrusting Rhodophytes	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	70	35.2	28.1	3.23	0.75	NA
Encrusting Bryozoans	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	100	34.7	15.6	3.01	0.41	100.0
<i>Crambe crambe</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	30	38.0	17.0	1.69	0.23	97.4
<i>Gloiocladia repens</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	20	37.5	17.5	NA	NA	NA
Filamentous Algae	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	2	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	30	37.9	17.4	1.42	0.18	102.6
<i>Rocellaria dubia</i>	ENDO	Bedrock	P	1	1	40	NA	14.0	7.49	0.54	NA
Green Filamentous Algae	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	90	34.4	28.9	7.42	1.03	98.3
<i>Cliona viridis</i>	ENDO	Bedrock	P	1	1	20	36.1	23.7	1.69	0.23	98.5
<i>Halimeda tuna</i>	ENDO	Bedrock	P	1	1	60	37.0	26.4	1.42	0.18	99.5
<i>Jania virgata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	20	37.9	17.1	0.21	0.13	102.6
<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	2	100	37.9	NA	1.69	0.23	97.4
<i>Hemimycale columella</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	50	35.4	12.0	8.32	0.63	97.0
Hydroids	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	>200	37.9	24.3	3.96	0.21	98.7
<i>Laurencia obtusa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	30	38.0	26.4	1.42	0.18	103.8
<i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	3	>200	38.4	17.3	2.72	0.12	99.5
Scalarispongia scalaris	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	70	37.7	16.3	1.05	0.22	101.1
<i>Miniacina miniacea</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	200	34.7	28.9	0.83	0.36	94.0
<i>Myriapora truncata</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	>200	37.5	20.0	NA	NA	NA
<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	3	200	38.4	15.7	0.87	0.13	94.7

<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	40	35.0	16.0	7.49	0.54	97.3
<i>Padina pavonica</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	40	34.4	28.5	2.38	0.31	97.4
<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	2	130	36.4	26.1	3.80	0.34	91.2
<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	80	36.3	23.3	3.01	0.23	94.4
<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	2	60	35.4	24.4	2.38	0.31	87.7
<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	ENDO	Bedrock	P	2	1	20	36.1	23.7	1.69	0.23	98.5
<i>Phorbas fictitius</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	40	32.8	27.8	7.25	0.50	99.7
<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	3	>200	37.8	17.1	3.92	0.21	91.3
<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	30	NA	25.6	NA	NA	NA
Serpulidae	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	>200	34.2	23.7	13.30	0.92	89.0
<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	120	35.0	25.0	NA	NA	NA
<i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	2	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	20	38.0	30.0	1.42	0.18	101.0
<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	2	1	100	32.5	27.2	NA	NA	NA
<i>Valonia macrophysa</i>	EPI	Bedrock	P	1	1	110	35.2	26.9	2.09	0.22	94.3
Vermetidae	EPI	Bedrock	P	3	1	>200	35.4	23.3	18.20	1.24	NA

Appendix S3. (continued).

	Biological interactions						Matter and energy flow			
	Sociability	Dependency	Defence	Biogenic habitat provision	Scale of habitat provision	Food type/diet	Feeding habit	Biomass	Caloric content	CaCO ₃ content
<i>Jania rubens</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	2
<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
<i>Agelas oroides</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Amphiroa</i> spp.	1	Independent	Physical	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	2
<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
<i>Aplysina aerophoba</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	1	Independent	NA	2	1	Suspended matter	3	6	21.6	1
<i>Ascidia</i> sp. 1	1	Independent	NA	2	1	Suspended matter	3	6	21.6	1
<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	2	Independent	Physical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	7	22.7	3
<i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i>	1	Independent	Chemical	3	4	Suspended matter	4	14	16.1	4
<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	21	9.2	1
<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	3	Independent	None	1	1	Suspended matter	3	NA	21.6	3
<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	3	Independent	None	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Cliona schmidtii</i>	3	Independent	Physical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Codium bursa</i>	1	Independent	None	3	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.0	1
<i>Codium coralloides</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.0	1
<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	1	Independent	Physical-chemical	2	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	20.8	2
<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	1	Independent	None	4	4	Chemical uptake	1	25	18.9	1
<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
<i>Dictyopteris polypodioides</i>	1	Independent	None	4	3	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1

<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
Didemnidae	3	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	6	21.6	1
<i>Diplosoma listerianum</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	6	21.6	1
<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
<i>Dysidea avara</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
Erect Bryozoans	3	Independent	NA	2	2	Suspended matter	3	18	21.6	3
Encrusting Rhodophytes	3	Independent	Physical	3	4	Chemical uptake	1	52	17.0	2
Encrusting Bryozoans	3	Independent	NA	1	1	Suspended matter	3	18	21.6	3
<i>Crambe crambe</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Gloiocladia repens</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
Filamentous Algae	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
<i>Rocellaria dubia</i>	1	Independent	Physical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	9	22.6	4
Green Filamentous Algae	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.8	1
<i>Cliona viridis</i>	3	Independent	Physical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Halimeda tuna</i>	1	Independent	None	4	3	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	2
<i>Jania virgata</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	2
<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	1	Independent	NA	2	1	Suspended matter	3	6	21.6	1
<i>Hemimycale columella</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
Hydroids	3	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Suspended matter	4	NA	20.6	1
<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Laurencia obtusa</i>	1	Independent	None	4	3	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
<i>Leptopsammia pruvoti</i>	1	Independent	Chemical	1	1	Suspended matter	4	14	16.1	4
Scalarispongia scalaris	3	Independent	NA	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Miniacina miniacea</i>	3	Independent	None	1	1	Suspended matter	2	1	NA	3
<i>Myriapora truncata</i>	3	Independent	Physical-chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	18	21.6	3
<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	3	Independent	NA	1	1	Suspended matter	3	18	21.6	3

<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	3	Independent	NA	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Padina pavonica</i>	1	Independent	None	2	2	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	3	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	3	Independent	Chemical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	3	Independent	None	4	3	Chemical uptake	1	52	17.0	2
<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	3	Independent	Physical	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Phorbas fictitius</i>	3	Independent	NA	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	3	Independent	NA	2	3	Suspended matter	3	17	22.5	1
<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	1	Independent	None	4	4	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
Serpulidae	2	Independent	Physical	3	4	Suspended matter	2	20	22.0	3
<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	3	Independent	Physical	2	3	Suspended matter	3	18	21.6	3
<i>Cornularia cornucopiae</i>	3	Independent	None	1	1	Suspended matter	3	17	16.1	3
<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	1	Independent	None	4	3	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.6	1
<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	1	Independent	None	2	3	Chemical uptake	1	25	17.0	1
<i>Valonia macrophysa</i>	1	Independent	None	1	1	Chemical uptake	1	25	16.9	1
Vermetidae	2	Independent	Physical	3	4	Suspended matter	2	8	22.0	4

Appendix S4. Principal Coordinates Analysis (PCoA) of the 33 functional traits selected (see Appendix S2). The analysis was based on the Gower dissimilarity matrix obtained from the rectangular matrix of 67 taxa \times 33 functional traits (Appendix S3).

Axis	Eigenvalue	Variation explained by individual axis (%)	Cumulative %
1	22565.0	44.1%	44.1%
2	8714.1	17.0%	61.1%
3	5418.4	10.6%	71.7%
4	4117.3	8.0%	79.7%
5	3671.4	7.2%	86.9%
6	3505.6	6.9%	93.8%
7	2332.5	4.6%	98.3%

Appendix S5. PERMDISP testing for differences in multivariate dispersion of sites.

Table S5A. PERMDISP testing for differences among islands in multivariate dispersion of sites.

Tests were performed on compositional and functional dissimilarities and their separated components of turnover and nestedness at each depth. Tests were based on 999 permutations.

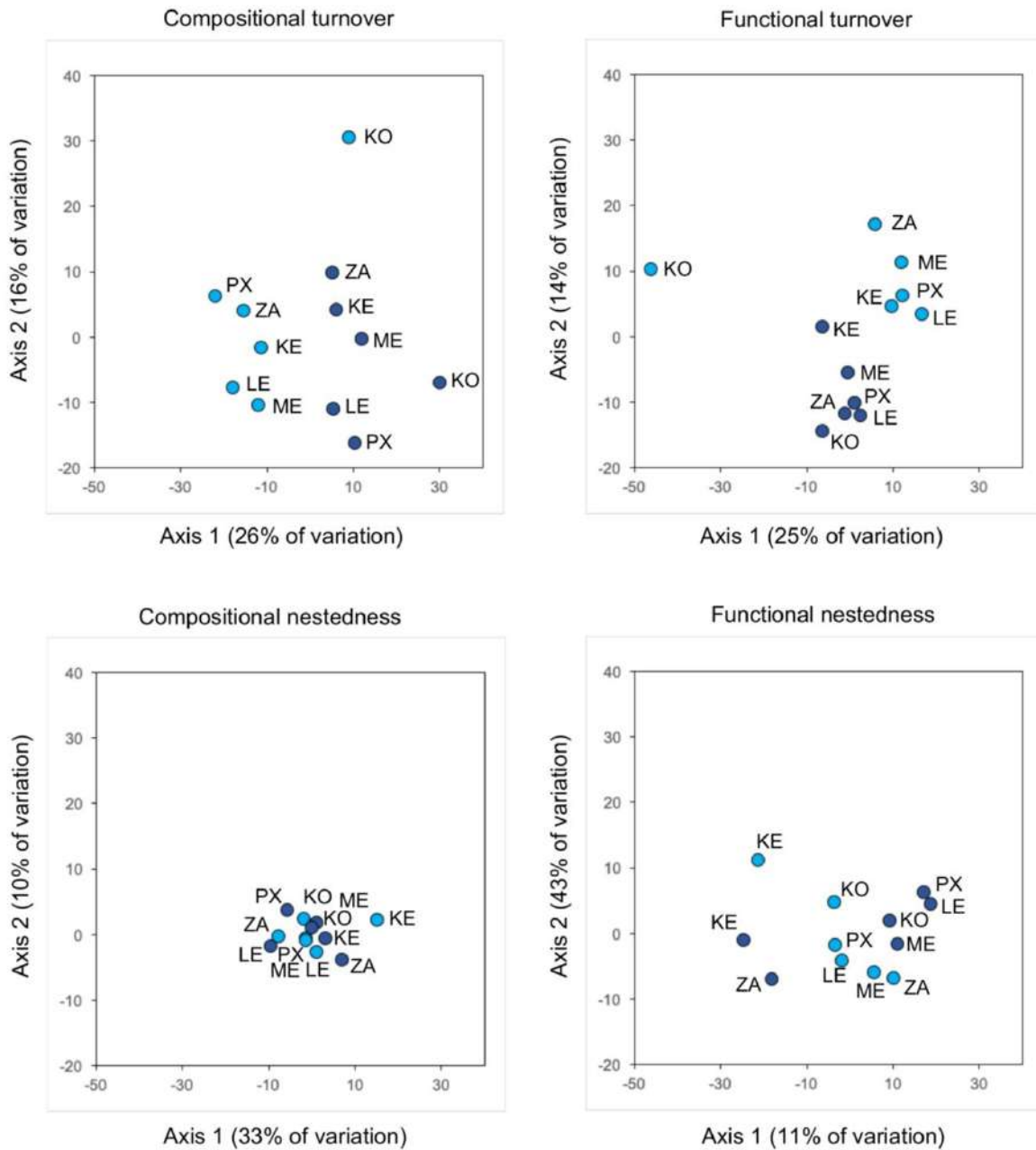
		<i>F</i>	p(perm)		<i>F</i>	p(perm)
5 m	β	1.789	0.384	$F\beta$	1.179	0.591
15 m		2.261	0.293		2.030	0.393
5 m	β_{TURN}	0.546	0.830	$F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$	0.232	0.967
15 m		3.537	0.076		0.890	0.708
5 m	β_{NES}	0.738	0.830	$F\beta_{\text{NES}}$	0.526	0.906
15 m		2.506	0.196		0.497	0.889

Table S5B. PERMDISP testing for differences between depths in multivariate dispersion of sites.

Tests were performed on compositional and functional dissimilarities and their separated components of turnover and nestedness. Pair-wise tests between depths for each island were also provided. All tests were based on 999 permutations. KO = Kerkira, KE = Kefalonia, PX = Paxi, ZA = Zakynthos, LE = Lefkada, ME = Meganisi.

	Overall		Pair-wise tests for each island											
	<i>F</i>	p(perm)	KE		KO		LE		ME		PX		ZA	
			<i>F</i>	p	<i>F</i>	p	<i>F</i>	p	<i>F</i>	p	<i>F</i>	p	<i>F</i>	p
β	3.465	0.055	1.442	0.28	1.017	0.541	1.196	0.219	0.776	0.522	1.619	0.193	5.627	0.028
β_{TURN}	2.855	0.072	2.353	0.122	1.742	0.303	0.596	0.488	0.768	0.359	1.703	0.318	1.809	0.144
β_{NES}	1.287	0.715	1.679	0.205	1.145	0.644	0.047	1	0.179	0.953	0.535	0.707	1.422	0.224
$F\beta$	1.546	0.571	0.284	0.822	0.695	0.681	1.437	0.202	1.036	0.398	0.167	0.923	1.494	0.429
$F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$	0.544	0.944	0.615	0.709	0.318	0.727	0.26	0.779	0.525	0.335	1.415	0.279	0.266	0.898
$F\beta_{\text{NES}}$	0.468	0.984	0.623	0.626	0.252	0.83	0.249	0.822	0.562	0.616	0.744	0.641	1.283	0.551

Appendix S6. PCoA ordination of islands × depths centroids based on compositional and functional dissimilarities separated for turnover and nestedness components. Light blue = 5 m, dark blue = 15 m. KO = Kerkira, KE = Kefalonia, PX = Paxi, ZA = Zakynthos, LE = Lefkada, ME = Meganisi.



Appendix S7. Pairwise values of compositional β -diversity (β) and its turnover (β_{TURN}) and nestedness-resultant (β_{NES}) components between assemblages from different islands, calculated at the two investigated depths (5 and 15 m).

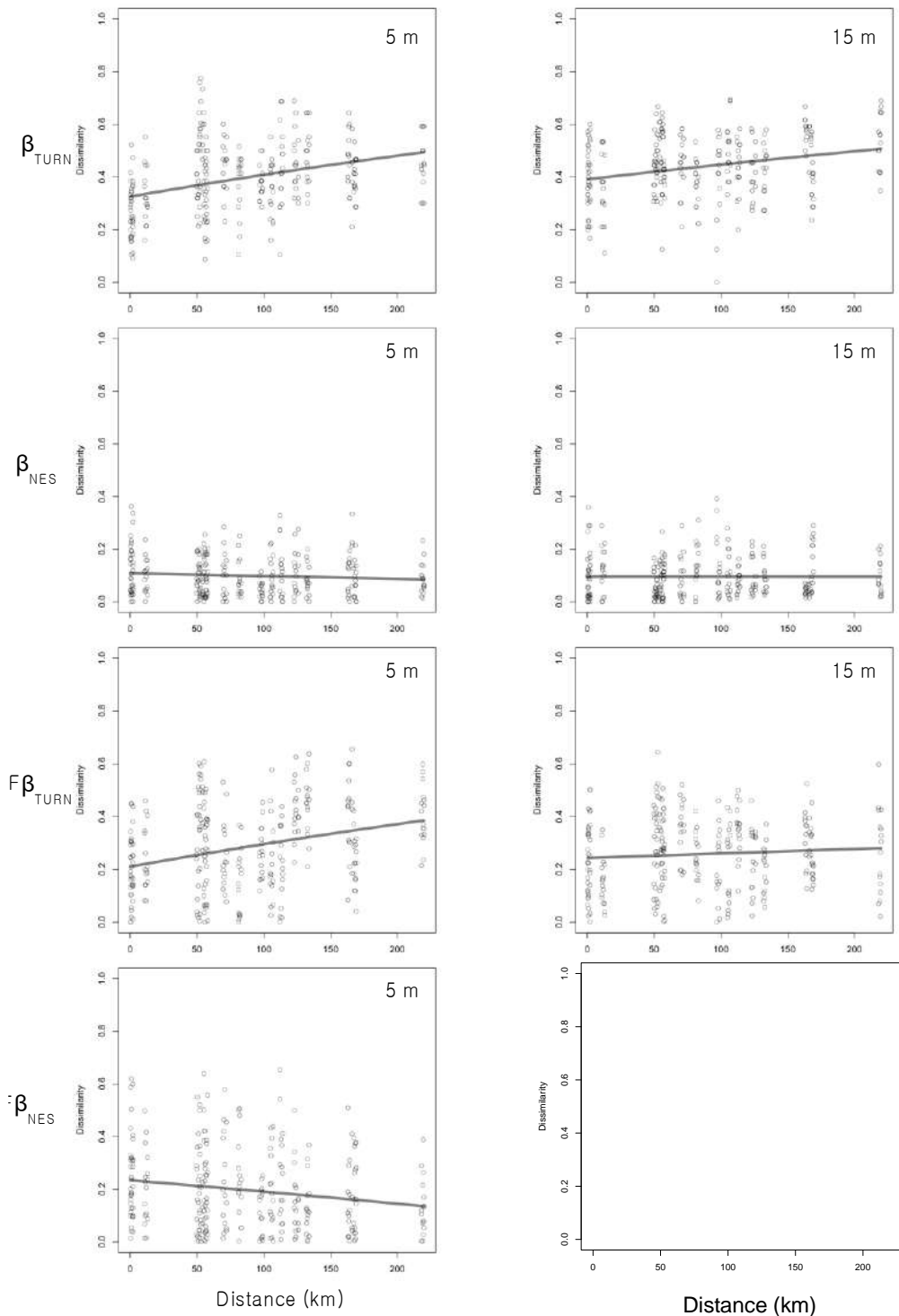
5 m							15 m								
β		KE	KO	LE	ME	PX	ZA	β		KE	KO	LE	ME	PX	ZA
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.49							KO	0.48					
	LE	0.28	0.51						LE	0.41	0.40				
	ME	0.35	0.52	0.29					ME	0.38	0.44	0.33			
	PX	0.35	0.55	0.43	0.37				PX	0.43	0.35	0.34	0.43		
	ZA	0.29	0.47	0.33	0.38	0.38			ZA	0.32	0.48	0.41	0.42	0.47	
β_{TURN}								β_{TURN}							
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.35							KO	0.44					
	LE	0.15	0.47						LE	0.32	0.36				
	ME	0.21	0.50	0.25					ME	0.33	0.44	0.27			
	PX	0.21	0.53	0.41	0.37				PX	0.32	0.28	0.32	0.37		
	ZA	0.06	0.46	0.26	0.35	0.35			ZA	0.27	0.41	0.27	0.33	0.32	
β_{NES}								β_{NES}							
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.14							KO	0.03					
	LE	0.13	0.05						LE	0.09	0.05				
	ME	0.14	0.02	0.04					ME	0.04	0.00	0.05			
	PX	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.00				PX	0.11	0.07	0.02	0.06		
	ZA	0.23	0.01	0.07	0.03	0.03			ZA	0.05	0.07	0.14	0.08	0.14	

Appendix S8. Pairwise values of functional β -diversity ($F\beta$) and its turnover ($F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$) and nestedness-resultant ($F\beta_{\text{NES}}$) components between assemblages from different islands, calculated at the two investigated depths (5 and 15 m).

5 m							15 m								
$F\beta$		KE	KO	LE	ME	PX	ZA	$F\beta$		KE	KO	LE	ME	PX	ZA
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.61							KO	0.44					
	LE	0.26	0.66						LE	0.50	0.32				
	ME	0.34	0.64	0.27					ME	0.45	0.27	0.28			
	PX	0.28	0.62	0.31	0.19				PX	0.50	0.22	0.22	0.28		
	ZA	0.37	0.61	0.35	0.30	0.22			ZA	0.28	0.38	0.44	0.40	0.46	
$F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$								$F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$							
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.54							KO	0.10					
	LE	0.02	0.64						LE	0.07	0.24				
	ME	0.02	0.59	0.20					ME	0.11	0.26	0.20			
	PX	0.06	0.61	0.30	0.09				PX	0.07	0.10	0.20	0.18		
	ZA	0.01	0.54	0.24	0.26	0.06			ZA	0.22	0.09	0.06	0.11	0.07	
$F\beta_{\text{NES}}$								$F\beta_{\text{NES}}$							
	KE								KE						
	KO	0.07							KO	0.34					
	LE	0.24	0.01						LE	0.42	0.08				
	ME	0.32	0.05	0.08					ME	0.34	0.01	0.08			
	PX	0.21	0.01	0.01	0.10				PX	0.43	0.12	0.02	0.10		
	ZA	0.36	0.07	0.11	0.04	0.16			ZA	0.07	0.29	0.38	0.29	0.39	

Appendix S9. Patterns of β -diversity vs. geographic distance at the scale of sites.

		Intercept	Slope	p	R
β_{TURN}	5 m	0.325	0.0013	0.001	0.115
	15 m	0.391	0.0010	0.001	0.069
β_{NES}	5 m	0.108	-0.0001	0.178	0.007
	15 m	0.096	-0.0001	0.997	0.000
$F\beta_{\text{TURN}}$	5 m	0.211	0.0011	0.001	0.090
	15 m	0.243	0.0002	0.214	0.006
$F\beta_{\text{NES}}$	5 m	0.234	-0.0006	0.004	0.030
	15 m	0.188	0.0006	0.003	0.032



Appendix S10. Presence/absence data for the six islands at 5m and 15m depth.

	<i>Jania rubens</i>	<i>Acetabularia acetabulum</i>	<i>Agelas oroides</i>	<i>Ampiroa</i> spp.	<i>Anadyomene stellata</i>	<i>Aplysia aerophoba</i>	<i>Ascidia mentula</i>	<i>Ascidia</i> sp.	<i>Perforatus perforatus</i>	<i>Balanophyllia (Balanophyllia) europaea</i>	<i>Botryocladia</i> sp.	<i>Caulerpa cylindracea</i>	<i>Chlidonia pyriformis</i>	<i>Chondrosia reniformis</i>	<i>Cliona schmidtii</i>	<i>Codium bursa</i>	<i>Codium corallicolus</i>	<i>Colpomenia sinuosa</i>	<i>Ellisolandia elongata</i>	<i>Cutleria</i> sp.	<i>Cystoseira compressa</i>	<i>Dasycladus vermicularis</i>	<i>Dictyoeris polypodoides</i>	<i>Dictyota</i> spp.	<i>Didemnum</i> sp.	<i>Diplosoma listeria</i>	<i>Dudresnaya verticillata</i>	<i>Dysiaster avarus</i>	Erect Bryozoans	Encrusting Rhodophytes	Encrusting Bryozoans	<i>Crambe crambe</i>	<i>Gloiodia repens</i>		
KE_5m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0		
KO_5m	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0		
LE_5m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		
ME_5m	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		
PX_5m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		
ZA_5m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		
KE_15m	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1		
KO_15m	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0		
LE_15m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0		
ME_15m	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0		
PX_15m	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0		
ZA_15m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	
	<i>Filamentous Algae</i>	<i>Discosporangium mesarthrocarpum</i>	<i>Flabellia petiolata</i>	<i>Rocella dubia</i>	Green Filamentous Algae	<i>Cliona viridis</i>	<i>Hali meda tuna</i>	<i>Jania virgata</i>	<i>Halocynthia papillosa</i>	<i>Hemimycella columella</i>	Hydroids	<i>Ircinia variabilis</i>	<i>Laurencia</i> spp.	<i>Leptodermia pruvoti</i>	<i>Scalaris pongia scalaris</i>	<i>Miniacina minacea</i>	<i>Myriophora truncata</i>	<i>Nolella gigantea</i>	<i>Oscarella lobularis</i>	<i>Padiana pavonica</i>	<i>Palmophyllum crassum</i>	<i>Petrosia (Petrosia) ficiformis</i>	<i>Peyssonnelia</i> spp.	<i>Cliona rhodensis</i>	<i>Phorbastictus</i>	<i>Sarcotragus spinosulus</i>	<i>Sargassum</i> sp.	Serpulidae	<i>Smittina cervicornis</i>	<i>Comularia cornuopiae</i>	<i>Halopteris scoparia</i>	<i>Tricleocarpa fragilis</i>	<i>Valoniopsis macrophysa</i>	Vermetidae	
KE_5m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	
KO_5m	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
LE_5m	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	
ME_5m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	
PX_5m	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	
ZA_5m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
KE_15m	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	
KO_15m	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
LE_15m	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	
ME_15m	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	
PX_15m	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	
ZA_15m	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	